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YALE COLLEGE UNDERGRADUATE REGULATIONS

Yale College is an academic community dedicated to the advancement of learning. Students freely associate themselves with the College and in doing so affirm their commitment to a philosophy of mutual tolerance and respect. All students admitted to Yale should understand the responsibility thus placed upon them. If any member of the community should interfere with its functions or show himself or herself unable or unwilling to assist in them, the community may find it necessary to protect itself by suspending or terminating his or her membership. Indeed, by formal vote the Yale College Faculty has affirmed:

- Its commitment to protect free expression and peaceful dissent and to preserve mutual respect and charitable relations among all members of the Yale community.
- Its belief that physical restriction, coercion, or intimidation of any member of that community is contrary to the basic principles of the University.
- Its expectation that such action will ordinarily result in temporary or permanent separation from Yale College.

Yale College also reserves the right to withdraw students under policies described in the Yale College Programs of Study. For more information, see Academics, 'Leave of Absence, Withdrawal, and Reinstatement.'

Authority for disciplinary matters proceeds from the Yale Corporation, which has empowered the Yale College Faculty to oversee disciplinary actions with respect to undergraduates. Penalties for misconduct by undergraduates are ordinarily imposed by the Yale College Executive Committee, a standing committee of the Yale College Faculty by whose authorization it acts.

The Executive Committee's jurisdiction includes offenses described in the Undergraduate Regulations as well as other actions on the part of students that may in the judgment of the committee warrant disciplinary action because they may imperil the integrity and values of the Yale community or the well-being of its members. The Executive Committee may assign penalties as provided in the Undergraduate Regulations, though in some cases that authority resides in the president of the University, or is delegated to other University officials.

Violations of sexual misconduct will be addressed by the University-Wide Committee on Sexual Misconduct (UWC), which recommends penalties to the dean of Yale College.

The heads of the residential colleges, the University Librarian, the directors of the Yale computer facilities, and the Executive Director of Yale Dining may summarily impose certain penalties for violations of the dormitory regulations, the library regulations, the computer facility regulations, and the dining services regulations.

A member of the faculty finding evidence of academic dishonesty on a class assignment or examination is expected to bring the matter to the attention of the Executive Committee. Any member of the faculty, residential college head, residential college dean, or member of the University administration or staff may bring to the attention of the committee an alleged infraction of the Undergraduate Regulations.

Each student in Yale College is required as a condition of enrollment to comply with the Undergraduate Regulations. The University expects students to be familiar with the Undergraduate Regulations; a claim of ignorance of any of the regulations will not be accepted as an excuse for violating them. No student or group of students should expect to be individually warned to conform to any of the rules contained in the Undergraduate Regulations.

Note that for academic year 2020-2021, some of the information in the Undergraduate Regulations has been superseded by more restrictive COVID-19 protocols and policies. In addition to the Undergraduate Regulations, students are required to comply with the restrictions issued in relation to the COVID-19 health and safety protocols.

The University reserves the right to amend or supplement these regulations at any time upon such notice to students as it deems suitable. The Yale College Dean's Office is responsible for the publication of the *Undergraduate Regulations*. Suggestions for amendments may be sent to the Editor, Undergraduate Regulations, Yale College Dean's Office, 1 Hillhouse Avenue, New Haven, CT 06511.

Regulations

The regulations that follow spell out some of the actions that place the community in jeopardy and that may therefore result in suspension or expulsion from it. In general, these regulations are concerned with conduct on campus. While off-campus misconduct will not normally be the basis for disciplinary action by the University, it may result in disciplinary action under the circumstances specified below (See 'Offenses,' Section W.')

Special provisions concerning student organizations'), or if such conduct otherwise imperils the integrity and values of the University community. Off-campus infractions committed in the course of a Yale-sponsored program anywhere in the world, such as a Yale Summer Session abroad course, a Yale-sponsored internship or fellowship, a student organization's tour, or the like, could also be subject to disciplinary charges. Students must recognize that Yale College exists within a larger community that has its own laws and standards of behavior, and that membership in Yale College confers no exemption from those laws and standards. Unruly behavior or illegal or destructive acts that adversely affect the community surrounding the Yale campus will not be condoned. Students, whether on campus or off campus, are under the jurisdiction of the city, state, and national governments.

Academic Integrity

By coming to Yale, students have implicitly asked the College to help them develop a broadly based, highly disciplined intelligence, not just to learn material, but also to be guided toward a deep and supple understanding of the subjects they study. Course readings, lectures, and discussions are all crucial elements of this learning. Less obvious, perhaps, is what students' own writing contributes to this process. It may sometimes seem that exams, lab reports, and papers are meant primarily to measure how much has been learned. But when students complete written course work, they are not demonstrating what they have learned, but are rather doing the very work of synthesis and reflection that constitutes advanced learning. Every writer has had the experience of making discoveries while writing an essay. To have this discovery is to make knowledge, and making knowledge is what joins all students to the project of the university.

Those students who cheat forfeit the opportunity to make such discoveries. Certainly there are other reasons not to cheat. One who borrows unacknowledged ideas or language from others is stealing their work, which denies them their due credit and also impedes that free exchange of ideas on which the university depends. Yale regards cheating as a serious offense, for which the standard penalty is two semesters of suspension. But the much more grievous wrong is to the cheating student. Writing is one of the most powerful sites of learning; students who turn in someone else's work, therefore, are giving away the very substance of their educations.

College course work frequently requires that students build on previous scholarship or collaborate with other students. The following definitions help clarify the proper procedures for conducting and documenting such collaborations and the expectations of Yale College. For a fuller discussion of these issues, see the Writing Center website.

A. MULTIPLE SUBMISSION

Students may not submit the same paper, or substantially the same paper, in more than one course. If topics for two courses coincide, a student must have written permission from both instructors before either combining work on two papers or revising an earlier paper for submission to a new course.

B. CHEATING ON EXAMINATIONS

It is cheating to copy answers from other students or to refer without written permission to notes, books, laptop computers, cellular phones, or other programmable electronic devices. Likewise, the use of cellular phones to discuss or obtain answers from another student, whether present in the classroom or not, is prohibited.

It is also cheating to change answers on a returned examination and then request re-grading. It is the student's responsibility to submit the examination exactly as it was; any alteration is academic dishonesty.

For take-home examinations, and for examinations for which the questions are distributed in advance, instructors should make the rules clear, and students should obey them to the letter. If a student is in any doubt as to the meaning of the instructions governing such exercises, he or she should seek explicit clarification from the instructor. The ordinary expectation is that each student will prepare answers on his or her own; collaboration with others is acceptable only to the degree precisely and specifically described by the instructor. In all cases, the answer a student finally submits must represent his or her own understanding of the issues. If a student thinks that any answer or submission has been significantly influenced by consulting books or other people, he or she should say so, just as is required in a paper.

C. PLAGIARISM

Plagiarism is the use of someone else's work, words, or ideas as if they were one's own. Thus most forms of cheating on examinations are plagiarism; but the term is usually used in reference to papers rather than examinations.

If one uses a source for a paper, one must acknowledge it. What counts as a source varies greatly depending on the assignment, but the list certainly includes readings, lectures, websites, conversations, interviews, and other students' papers. Every academic discipline has its own conventions for acknowledging sources. Instructors should make clear which conventions students must use. In all situations, students who are confused about the specific punctuation and formatting must nonetheless make clear in written work where they have borrowed from others – whether it be a matter of data, opinions, questions, ideas, or specific language. This obligation holds whether the sources are published or unpublished.

Submission of an entire paper prepared by someone else is an especially egregious form of plagiarism, and is grounds for the imposition of a particularly serious penalty, including expulsion from the University.

D. PROBLEM SETS AND UNGRADED WRITTEN ASSIGNMENTS

Many instructors assign work that allows students to practice and develop skills in a low-stakes format, less formal than a paper and often ungraded. Collaboration with

other students is common practice in many such courses, but students are expected to ask instructors for a written explanation of what kinds of collaboration are appropriate.

E. LABORATORY EXERCISES

Many laboratory reports are constructed on some form of exercise in which observations are made and the results of these observations tabulated or processed in some manner. There are three violations of originality that can occur with this form of assignment:

1. **Falsification of Data.** The practice known as 'dry-labbing,' constructing observations out of one's head or borrowing the observations of others as if they were one's own genuine data, is an offense of such gravity that – in the professional world – it results in total excommunication from the community of scientists. In undergraduate work the comparable sanction is suspension.
2. **Cooperation in Treatment of Data.** Often a class is given a common set of data with an assignment to analyze the data and report the results. Sometimes when extensive routine analyses must be made, it is tempting for students to organize so that the total work load is divided among several students. The ordinary assumption must be that this type of cooperation, however sensible it may seem, is strictly forbidden unless explicitly permitted by the instructor. The best policy is to ask at the time the assignment is made.
3. **Borrowing or Purchase of Material.** Submission of material, such as a chemical product, that a student does not obtain from actually performing the assigned experiment is a flagrant act of cheating. Purchasing the product in the marketplace, 'borrowing some product' from a classmate, or obtaining a sample surreptitiously from another laboratory all constitute serious offenses. In the preparation of products by synthesis, using 'excess starting materials' to promote a better yield of products is also cheating.

Finally, it should be reiterated that the prohibition of cheating and plagiarism is not meant to restrict either the free discussion and exchange of ideas among students or the study of other scholars' works. Such activities are the very essence of education. Nor are the rules of citation meant to engender a dependent mentality. Students are at Yale to study the work of others in order to learn to think for themselves. Those who follow that principle will never cheat or plagiarize.

Activities and Events

Social functions such as meetings, dances, parties, and conferences are a valuable part of student life. To make a positive contribution, however, they must be conducted with consideration for others. This entails, in addition to the requirements set forth below, keeping the sound level within reasonable limits and leaving the area used neat and clean. Violation of these regulations by individuals or student organizations may result in disciplinary action by the head of a student's college or by the Yale College Executive Committee.

A. ORGANIZED SOCIAL FUNCTIONS

Social functions are considered organized if they are financed, even in part, by funds administered by the Undergraduate Organizations Funding Committee (UOFC) or the University, even if they are off-campus, or if they are held in generally accessible areas like common rooms, lounges, dining halls, courtyards, or entryways of residential colleges and the Old Campus, or other University buildings or common areas.

B. RESPONSIBILITY OF HOSTS

For each organized or private social function in a residential college, in a college annex, or on the Old Campus that requires the approval of the head of college, a host or sponsoring organization must be designated to the head of college in advance. That individual or organization assumes responsibility for the orderly conduct and prompt conclusion of the event, as well as for cleaning the area used and returning furnishings to their proper places. In addition, the host or sponsoring organization will be liable for any expenses arising from damage to University premises or property or injuries to people. If alcoholic beverages are to be served, the host, who must be of legal drinking age, assumes responsibility for adherence to the state law that prohibits the service of alcoholic beverages to persons under the age of twenty-one or to anyone who is intoxicated (

CT General Statute, Section 30-89a). If at a private function on campus the number of participants unexpectedly exceeds fifty, the host must reduce the number of guests or end the function.

For events using University funds that are hosted off-campus, the Yale College Dean's office must be notified in advance.

All hosts must ensure their events meet accessibility requirements.

C. SERVICE OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES

Any service of alcoholic beverages at a social function, whether organized or private, must be in full compliance with the laws of the State of Connecticut and the Yale College regulations on alcohol. Heads of college, deans, dining hall personnel, security personnel, and the Yale Police Department are authorized to request a student's identification card in order to confirm that they are of legal drinking age.

D. EVENTS IN THE RESIDENTIAL COLLEGES

1. Events may take place in a general access area of a residential college only if advance permission has been granted by the head of college. Approval of the head of college must be obtained no later than four days in advance of any organized social function anywhere in a college or in its annexes or in an affiliated entry on the Old Campus. Students must submit event requests through the Yale Connect portal, where the appropriate administrative reviewers may be notified if necessary.
2. If alcoholic beverages will be served, approval must be obtained at least one week prior to the event.
3. If a college dining hall is to be used, permission must also be obtained in advance from the dining hall manager.

4. Private social functions in students' rooms in the residential colleges, in the college annexes, and on the Old Campus at which more than twenty participants are expected require advance approval by the head of college. These private social functions may not make use of the general access areas listed in section D.1, above, and may not have more than fifty participants at any one time.
5. Permission may be granted at the discretion of the head of college for functions or activities sponsored by student organizations that are registered with the Yale College Dean's Office or by student groups that are associated with the particular college. Any out-of-pocket expenses, as for special janitorial or security services, shall be borne by the sponsoring group.
6. Permission to hold private functions in the residential colleges will not be granted to individuals or groups not affiliated with Yale University.

E. HOURS

All social functions, organized or private, that take place on University property must end no later than 11 p.m. on Sunday through Thursday nights and 1 a.m. on Friday and Saturday nights. With the head of college's approval, a college social committee may each term sponsor one organized function that extends until 2 a.m. on a Friday or Saturday night.

F. USE OF UNIVERSITY FACILITIES

If an undergraduate individual, group, or organization wishes to use University space or property for a meeting, lecture, or other activity, the appropriate administrative office in charge of that facility or space must approve the request, including the Yale Police Department, the Office of the Fire Marshal, the Office of Environmental Health and Safety, and the Office of Risk Management. Registered student organizations must request the use of these spaces through their organization's Yale Connect portal, where the appropriate administrative reviewers may be notified if necessary.

Advance notice. Since there is a heavy demand on University facilities, requests should be submitted as soon as possible and, always, at least two weeks in advance of the event. Requests for complex and/or larger events should be submitted at least two months in advance in order to ensure adequate time for the Yale College Dean's Office, the Office of the University Registrar, and other reviewers to respond.

Police services. The person or organization sponsoring an event or conference that includes guests from outside the Yale community must notify the Yale Police Department at least two weeks prior to the event. The chief of the Yale Police Department, or their designee, will determine whether police services are needed and the number of police officers appropriate for the event. The person or organization sponsoring the event will be financially responsible for police services.

Classrooms. For the use of classrooms and certain auditoriums, undergraduate organizations will ordinarily not be charged a room fee when no admission charge is made, but there may be fees for specific services, e.g., media services, extra janitorial service, and the like. Reservation information is available online through the Office of the University Registrar at classrooms.yale.edu and reservations for classrooms spaces should be submitted through Yale Connect.

Office Space. Undergraduate organizations wishing to secure an office or storage space on campus must petition Yale College's Office of Student Organizations by writing to student.organizations@yale.edu. Space is extremely limited, and requests will be considered by the only when an organization presents strong evidence of the need for it. Organizations that have been in existence within the University for less than two full academic years will ordinarily not be considered eligible for the use of an office. The privilege to use an office is granted for only one academic year, but permission may be renewed from year to year by the assistant dean of student affairs, Hannah Peck.

Theatrical elements. Organizers of events and activities using theatrical elements (e.g., scenery, lighting, staging, seating risers, props, and costumes), whether on or off campus, must consult in advance with Undergraduate Production and comply with regulations for such activities.

G. OUTDOOR EVENTS ON CAMPUS

Students who wish to conduct an outdoor activity, performance, or event on Yale property must secure permission in advance from the Office of the President for an event on Cross Campus or Hewitt Quadrangle (Beinecke Plaza) or from the dean of student affairs for an event on the Old Campus or other outdoor spaces. Any activity conducted in these spaces should reflect respect for University property and the rights of others. Application for the use of these spaces must be made at least one week in advance of an event.

H. ADMISSION CHARGES

Admission charges may be levied for organized social functions only in the event of substantial entertainment costs and never to cover the purchase of alcoholic beverages. No admission charge or any other fee may be levied for private social functions on or off campus.

I. POSTERS, CHALKING, AND PUBLICITY

Posters must be confined to the bulletin boards, kiosks, display cases, and other spaces that Yale College has specifically designated for posting. Chalking must be confined to walkways open to the weather. Other forms of non-electronic publicity on campus grounds or buildings at Yale College are prohibited. The following regulations apply to posting and chalking on Yale College:

1. Posters may not exceed 14 by 17 inches. Only one copy of each poster may be placed on the same bulletin board.
2. Posters for an event must provide the name of the event, its date, time, and location, the name of its sponsoring organization, and the email address or phone number of its organizers.
3. Graduate or professional schools and residential colleges may impose additional requirements or exceptions. Before posting in a particular Yale building, the applicable poster policy should be reviewed.
4. Only authorized staff members may remove posters from bulletin boards and other designated spaces. Posters will be removed once a week. Posters improperly placed in other locations (interior or exterior walls, doors, signs, trees, utility polls, etc.) or that otherwise do not comply with this policy will be subject to immediate removal.

5. The removal, defacing, destroying, or postering over of existing posters is prohibited.
6. Students may use chalk on walkways to advertise events, but those markings are permitted only to the extent they are temporary. Chalking must be on areas that are open to the sky and the weather. Walkways cannot be marked under overhangs, archways, or other covered areas. Chalk may not be applied to walls or other vertical surfaces. Chalk notices must be limited in size to 4 by 4 feet, and not more than one chalk announcement for a single event may be visible from any single point. Only water-soluble chalk may be used. Spray chalk is strictly prohibited.
7. Glue, staples and tape of any variety (e.g., Scotch tape, masking tape, duct tape) are damaging and may not be used on any Yale property. Thumbtacks or pushpins should be used on bulletin boards but may not be used on any interior or exterior woodwork.
8. All notices of events, including those on social media, may contain no advertising of the availability of alcoholic beverages.

Violation of these regulations may result in an organization's loss of official recognition and consequent loss of funding opportunities. Violations may also subject individuals to discipline under other university or school regulations. Students or organizations may also be charged for the costs of removing improperly posted materials and repairing any damaged property.

J. SOLICITATION AND SALES

Solicitation and sales in University buildings is limited to two general areas: Commons Dining Hall and the residential college common rooms. Solicitation in the post office and other campus buildings is not allowed. Door-to-door solicitation and sales in the residences are not permitted.

Undergraduate organizations wishing to solicit or sell tickets and/or merchandise in the residential colleges must secure permission from the Office of the Council of Heads of College at least twenty-four hours in advance. Solicitation and sales for commercial purposes, except those by Associated Student Agencies, is prohibited.

Certain kinds of solicitation and sales in Commons Dining Hall and in residential college common rooms are permitted, among them the following:

1. to seek contributions for charitable or religious purposes;
2. to obtain signatures for petitions on matters of concern to Yale students;
3. to distribute questionnaires of a noncommercial nature;
4. to sell tickets of admission to benefit performances of plays or musicals held on University property;
5. to sell regularly issued student publications.

Registered student organizations may sell items and solicit funds in the rotunda outside Woolsey Hall, but they must remember that the hallways outside

Commons and Woolsey Hall are a war memorial, and the area must be treated with respect. The following rules apply:

6. Sales and solicitations are allowed only in the round rotunda area, not in the halls leading to Commons Dining Hall or Hewitt Quadrangle ('Beinecke Plaza').
7. Nothing may be attached to any wall.
8. No live or recorded music of any sort is allowed at any time.
9. Groups may use one table that they provide.
10. No unattended tables are permitted.
11. Groups must clean up after themselves.
12. All money collected through sales and solicitations must be for nonprofit organizations.
13. Any merchandise featuring Yale marks must be approved by the Office of the Secretary.
14. No single group may sell or solicit for more than five days in any 30-day period.
15. Groups that violate any of these rules will not be allowed to use this space in the future for solicitation or sales.

No undergraduate may undertake to represent any commercial interest or to operate any business on the campus without securing prior permission from the assistant dean of student affairs, Hannah Peck.

Only student businesses operating in conjunction with the Associated Student Agencies will be considered for space on campus or charging privileges with Student Financial Services. The Agencies are formally recognized and sanctioned by the University officers and trustees. Control is maintained through the Associated Student Agencies Council, which consists of representatives of the faculty, administration, and student body.

All undergraduates interested in employment with existing Agencies or in organizing new enterprises are encouraged to contact the business manager of the Associated Student Agencies at 246 Church Street.

K. TAILGATING

Rules governing tailgating may be found at <https://yalecollege.yale.edu/policies-procedures/yaleharvard-tailgating-policies>.

The regulations in this section apply to all Yale undergraduates. Additional regulations particularly relevant to registered undergraduate organizations appear in Undergraduate Organizations. Other regulations pertaining to social functions, whether sponsored by registered undergraduate organizations or by other students or student organizations in Yale College, appear in Social Functions.

L. STUDENT PRODUCTIONS

All performance events produced by undergraduates on the Yale campus must abide by the Undergraduate Production Regulations. Performance events include undergraduate

dramatic, musical, dance, operatic, and comedy productions as well as many other undergraduate presentations and events performed before an audience. Note that all University spaces fall under the jurisdiction of Yale Office of the Fire Marshal, Yale Environmental Health and Safety, and the department that owns or manages the space (e.g., head of college's office or Chaplain's Office). Individual venues may be covered by specific safety polices; in the event of conflicting policies, the most stringent will apply.

Production elements not conforming to the Undergraduate Production Regulations may be cut from a production. Failure to observe these regulations may be grounds for stopping an event. Serious or repeated violations of these regulations will be referred to the Yale College Dean's Office for possible disciplinary action.

All students involved in undergraduate production share responsibility for the safety of the production team, audience, and performance space. All participants should be familiar with the relevant regulations and observe them during all phases of the production process; should direct any questions or concerns to the appropriate adviser, to the Undergraduate Production staff, and to other relevant University officials; and should consistently apply good judgment and common sense.

The use of drugs or alcohol in any theater by the production team or audience is strictly forbidden and may be grounds for individual expulsion from the theater and/or immediate termination of the production's use of the theater.

No use of prop weapons or stage combat of any kind is allowed, in rehearsal or performance, without the express written permission of Undergraduate Production. Requests for the use of stage combat must be submitted to UP by the CPA deadline at the beginning of the semester in which the production will occur. Requests for the use of prop weapons must be made to the UP Technical Director of the specific production at least six weeks prior to the first performance date. Additional regulations may be found in the Prop Weapon and Stage Combat Policy.

M. FRATERNITY AND SORORITY RUSH

Many organizations conduct special activities to introduce new members to their groups. Any initiation activities for new members must comply with hazing laws of the State of Connecticut. Fraternities and sororities may not hold rush activities for first-year students during the fall term. First-year students may not attend rush events during their first term of enrollment at Yale. Fraternities and sororities may not extend a formal or informal offer of membership to a first-year student during the fall term and a first-year student may not make a formal request to join a fraternity or sorority during the fall term. Fraternities and sororities may not exert pressure on first-year students during the fall term to join a fraternity or sorority during the spring term.

Fraternities and sororities at Yale generally have the following characteristics: their primary purpose is social, they are single-sex, admission is selective, admission is not based on specific skills or talents (e.g., singing ability), they are typically affiliated with and pay dues to national organizations, they have a name with Greek letters, they own or rent space off campus for meetings and events, it is not permissible to be a member of more than one such organization, it is not permissible to switch membership from one such organization to another. This list is not exhaustive and not all of these

characteristics apply to all fraternities and sororities. The Yale College Dean's Office reserves the right to determine whether a group qualifies as a fraternity or sorority.

Rush activities are defined as events hosted by fraternities and sororities (or representatives of those organizations) at which individuals are targeted for solicitation of membership. Rush activities occur during a period of time when events are held by fraternities and sororities for the express purpose of selecting new members, and they are exclusive to individuals who are both eligible for and interested in gaining membership to a fraternity or sorority. The following activities are not considered to be rush events, and first-year students may participate in them during the fall term: events that are not limited to first-year and upperclass members of a single fraternity or sorority, events sponsored by non-Greek organizations or more than one Greek organization, and events that are primarily religious or philanthropic in nature.

Alcohol

The Yale College Dean's Office and the Council of Heads of College have issued points A through M below; anyone who disregards them risks legal prosecution by the State of Connecticut and may face disciplinary action, either by the head and dean of a residential college or by the Yale College Executive Committee.

A. GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES OF STUDENTS

Yale College recognizes its students to be responsible adults and believes that they should behave in a manner that does not endanger themselves or others and that is in compliance with state and local laws regarding the consumption, sale, and delivery of alcoholic beverages. Furthermore, students will be held fully responsible for their own behavior, even when acting under the influence of alcoholic beverages. Infractions of the alcohol regulations as well as any alcohol-related behavior that violates the Undergraduate Regulations will be subject to disciplinary action by the appropriate University officials. In such cases, the association of alcoholic beverages with problem behavior will not be seen as a mitigating factor and may be seen as an exacerbating factor.

Students are strongly encouraged to call for medical assistance for themselves or for any student who is dangerously intoxicated; such a call for emergency help does not in itself lead to disciplinary charges.

B. COMPLIANCE WITH STATE STATUTES

The legal drinking age in Connecticut is twenty-one. The law provides that anyone who delivers or gives an alcoholic beverage to a person under the legal drinking age or to any person who is intoxicated is in violation of the law and subject to the imposition of penalties as designated by statute (CT General Statute, Section 30-86(b)). It is similarly a violation of the law for a person under the legal drinking age to possess alcohol or to misrepresent their age, through the use of a fraudulent identification card or otherwise, in order to be served alcoholic beverages illegally (CT General Statute, Section 30-88a).

Connecticut statutes explicitly forbid the sale of alcoholic beverages unless the seller holds a state liquor license (CT General Statute, Section 30-74). Yale University does not hold such a license for social functions on campus. No alcoholic beverages may

be sold anywhere in the residential colleges or college annexes, or anywhere on the Old Campus. Stratagems such as the sale of chits, potato chips, set-ups, or any article that may be redeemed for alcoholic beverages are the equivalent of paying money for alcoholic beverages and are prohibited. No admission may be charged or accepted for cocktail parties or other drinking parties no matter how named.

All undergraduate social functions, organized and private, must be in compliance with state and local laws. It is the responsibility of the host (or host organization) to ensure compliance with state and local laws and with appropriate University regulations. (See Responsibility of Hosts; for regulations pertaining to the service of alcohol, see section D below.)

C. WHO MAY BE SERVED

The categories of persons listed below may be served alcoholic beverages. Verification must be made by a TIPS-certified bartender, including students trained in the certification course offered by the Alcohol and Other Drugs Harm Reduction Initiative (AODHRI) in the Yale College Dean's Office.

1. Members of the faculty, administrative staff, alumni, and parents.
2. Yale students of legal drinking age, whether undergraduate, graduate, or professional school students, as confirmed by the birthdate on their Yale University identification cards and government issued identification cards.
3. Guests, either individuals accompanied by Yale hosts or students visiting Yale from another college or university, who can establish that they may be legally served alcoholic beverages by means of two forms of identification, such as a college identification card, a driver's license, or a passport. At least one of the forms of identification must include a photograph.

D. SERVICE OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES

Under no circumstances may alcoholic beverages be served, directly or indirectly, to anyone under the legal drinking age or to anyone who is intoxicated. Alcoholic beverages are to be served from a well-illuminated bar physically separated from places where other refreshments are served. Service will be only by authorized bartenders assigned to the event from a pool to be administered by Yale Dining.

E. BARTENDERS

For organized events on campus at which alcoholic beverages are to be served, arrangements must be made at least a week in advance with Yale Dining for bartending service by off-duty dining services personnel. Off-campus events utilizing Yale funds must ensure the venue is providing certified bartenders for the duration of the event. At the time these arrangements are made, the student hosts must reach agreement with the dining hall manager and the head of college, or external vendor, regarding the procedures for checking identification cards, the number of bartenders needed, and other preparations. The number of bartenders needed will depend upon the expected attendance and the procedures to be used for checking identification cards, both Yale ID and government issued ID. In all cases, bartenders must be provided with adequate

student help for moving supplies and necessary tasks other than actual serving of alcoholic beverages.

F. PRESENCE OF POLICE, SECURITY, AND MEDICAL PERSONNEL

If fifty or more persons are expected to attend an organized social function on campus, or an off-campus event that utilizes YCDO funds, where alcoholic beverages are served, an off-duty campus police officer, security personnel, and American Medical Response or other EMT must be engaged by the sponsoring organization and must be present throughout the event. The person or organization sponsoring such an organized social function must notify the Yale Police Department, the Office of Risk Management, and Yale Security at least two weeks prior to the event. The chief of the Yale Police Department or designee will determine whether police services are needed and the number of police appropriate for the event. The sponsor of the event will be financially responsible for police, security, and emergency medical services. If the actual number of people attending an organized social function unexpectedly exceeds fifty, it is the obligation of the host to telephone the Yale Police Department at once. A head of college or the chief of the Yale Police Department or designee may require that more than one police officer be present if attendance at a function is expected to be large or if the college's or off-campus venue's geography makes entrance/exit attendance and general surveillance difficult for a single officer. At the discretion of the head of college, the Office of Risk Management, or the chief of the Yale Police Department, it may also be prudent and appropriate to engage an off-duty officer and security and emergency medical personnel for events where there are no alcoholic beverages served.

G. ABUSES

In the event of abuses, such as the passing of alcoholic beverages to persons other than those who receive them at the bar, or verbal abuse of bartenders or police, the police will warn that service is being jeopardized. If that warning is not heeded, the police or venue management may close the bar. It is the responsibility of the host (or host organization) to monitor the behavior of students or other guests and to maintain the general decorum of the event.

H. PROVISION OF NON-ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES AND FOOD

At any event at which alcoholic beverages are served, the host must also provide non-alcoholic beverages and food in adequate amounts. Service of alcoholic beverages must cease if the supply of non-alcoholic beverages is exhausted. No alcohol can be served before service of non-alcoholic beverages or food.

I. PERMISSIBLE ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES

Beer and wine may be served at organized social functions. Other alcoholic beverages, such as punch and mixed drinks, may be no more than 15% alcohol by volume. Grain alcohol is prohibited on campus.

In the budget allocation for beverages at an event the amount spent on alcoholic beverages must not exceed the percentage of expected attendees who will be of legal drinking age.

J. PRIVATELY OBTAINED ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES

No privately obtained alcoholic beverages may be brought into an organized social function, including major campus events such as Spring Fling, First-Year Formal, or Senior Masquerade. Privately obtained beverages will be confiscated and failure to comply will result in dismissal of student from the event.

K. ADVERTISING

There may be no advertising on the Web or elsewhere of alcoholic beverages, including mention of open bars, at campus functions or at off-campus functions arranged by student organizations.

L. CESSATION OF SERVICE

Service of alcoholic beverages must cease one hour prior to the scheduled end of an organized social function. (See Activities and Events, section E, Hours.)

M. OLD CAMPUS AND AREAS FOR FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS

Kegs of beer are strictly forbidden on the Old Campus and in first-year suites in Benjamin Franklin, Pauli Murray, Silliman, and Timothy Dwight Colleges. In addition, no alcoholic beverages may be served at organized or private functions on the Old Campus, except at functions confined to rooms or to entryways occupied solely by upper-level students or when authorized by the Yale College Dean's Office.

N. MISUSE OF IDENTIFICATION CARDS

Misuse of the Yale identification card, as for example by allowing its use by someone else or by passing on alcoholic beverages obtained with its use to an underage person, is a violation of the Undergraduate Regulations and will lead to disciplinary action.

O. ATTEMPTS TO BE SERVED ILLEGALLY

Any attempt by a student who is under the legal drinking age to be served alcoholic beverages illegally at an organized social function, for example by using false or fraudulent identification documents in order to misrepresent their age, is a violation of the Undergraduate Regulations and will subject the student to disciplinary action by the appropriate University officials.

P. FAILURE TO COMPLY

Any individual or student organization that fails to comply with these regulations will be subject to disciplinary action.

Dining Services

All resident students are required to have a meal contract. Visit [Yale Hospitality](#) to obtain more information about meal plans, the Yale Hospitality calendar and the operating schedule.

A. CHARGES

Students who have a dining contract are required (except as provided in Financial Services) to pay the charge of the contract until the end of the term for which it was taken. Bills for additional charges, if incurred, will ordinarily be rendered monthly or

before the end of each term. Board bills for nonresident students will ordinarily be rendered on a term basis in advance.

B. REFUNDS

No refunds or rebates can be given for meals not taken during a term. In order to receive a refund due to a withdrawal or leave of absence, students are required to submit a written request to the Yale Hospitality Business Office (yale.dining@yale.edu). No board rebate can be given for any day before the day on which the student advises the Yale Hospitality Business Office of her or his status change, or the day on which notification is received by the Yale Hospitality Business Office.

For more information about Refunds, see Financial Services.

C. DINING HALL ACCESS

All undergraduates must present their University identification cards to access any Yale dining hall. Upon entering a dining hall, students present their University identification cards for electronic scanning. Students who do not present a valid Yale identification card may be denied access to a dining hall. The individual residential colleges reserve the right to limit access to their dining halls at specified times.

D. MISUSE OR MISAPPROPRIATION OF HOSPITALITY SERVICES PRIVILEGES

Dining privileges are not transferable and may not be given or sold to another person. If meals are improperly obtained in a dining hall or in a University retail location, the Associate Vice President of Yale Hospitality or designee has the authority to impose fines and charges on the offending person or persons.

1. A student who gives, lends, or sells the use of a Yale identification card to a non-Yale person will be fined \$100 and required to pay at the current guest rate for the meal or meals taken.
2. A student who gives, lends, or sells the use of a Yale identification card to another Yale student will be fined \$100. The student who receives the card will also be fined \$100 and will be required to pay at the current guest rate for the meal or meals taken.
3. A nonresident student without a dining contract who has not paid for a meal but who takes food available for self-service or who takes food from another person's tray will be fined \$100 and required to pay for the meal at the current guest rate. (See also section F, "Nonresident students.")
4. If a student brings a guest to a dining hall with no payment being made for a meal for the guest, and the guest takes food available for self-service or takes food from another person's tray, the student who is the host will be fined \$100 and required to pay for the meal at the current guest rate. (See also section G, "Guests.")

Fines and charges will be billed to the student's account with Student Financial Services. When the Associate Vice President of Yale Hospitality or designee imposes a fine on a student, he or she will so notify the student in writing, describing the evidentiary basis for his or her decision. The Associate Vice President of Yale Hospitality or designee will also send a copy of this notice to the student's residential

college head and dean and to the chair of the Yale College Executive Committee, and will, at his or her discretion, request that further disciplinary action be taken by the Yale College Executive Committee. The Executive Committee itself may also, at its discretion, assume disciplinary authority with regard to the offenses described in these paragraphs.

E. TRANSFERS

An undergraduate with meal privileges may take meals in other residential colleges by exhibiting a Yale identification card.

Additionally, students with classes in the area (which make it difficult or impossible to return to a dining hall for lunch) are allowed to transfer their meal to other specific units in accordance to the transfer policy as noted on the Yale Hospitality website. As there are time-period restrictions, students should check with these units before attempting to use their meal contract equivalency. (See section D, “Misuse or misappropriation of dining services privileges.”)

Transfers are not accepted during special events. Dining hall managers reserve the right to limit transfers at specified times, as directed by individual Heads of College, or at any other time when transfer requests cannot be accommodated.

F. NONRESIDENT STUDENTS

Off-campus students are encouraged to come frequently to the dining halls of their residential colleges. They may purchase a meal plan as outlined on the Yale Hospitality website. Such a contract, when purchased, remains valid for the term and cannot be redeemed. Nonresident students may also charge meals to their Yale student accounts with Student Financial Services, EliBucks, or by credit card (MasterCard, Visa, Discover or AmEx) at the guest rate. (See section A, “Charges.”)

The service standard in the Yale College dining halls, which provides free access to the dining hall, makes it inappropriate to charge by the item; payment for the full meal is consequently required. Off-campus students who come to a dining hall must therefore pay for the meal being served or refrain from eating. (See section D, “Misuse or misappropriation of dining service privileges.”)

G. GUESTS

Students are welcome to have guests in the dining halls. Payment at a guest rate may be made by credit card (MasterCard, Visa, Discover or AmEx) or may be charged to the student’s Yale account with Student Financial Services. Dining Points or Eli Bucks may be used for guests’ meals also. (See section A, “Charges.”) For reasons given above, payment for a full meal is required, and it is not possible to pay by the item. Hosts may not share food from their own plate with guests. (See section D, “Misuse or misappropriation of dining services privileges.”)

H. REMOVAL OF FOOD

Meal contracts and guest payments entitle a diner to the food being served at a meal for consumption at that time. Food may not be taken from the dining hall to be consumed later unless specified.

I. MODIFIED DIETS AND FOOD ALLERGIES

A student with food allergies or other medical condition which requires dietary restrictions should follow the instructions at <https://hospitality.yale.edu/eat-well/dietary-accommodations>. Students with allergies or who need a modified diet are strongly encouraged to speak to the manager of his or her residential college dining hall. Arrangements will be made to accommodate reasonable dietary restrictions at no extra charge. Students may be asked to provide supporting medical documentation from the student's physician and/or Yale Health; this documentation is evaluated by and registered with Student Accessibility Services. Additional information about dining accommodations can be found at <https://hospitality.yale.edu/eat-well/dietary-accommodations>.

J. CHINA, FLATWARE, AND GLASSWARE

Removing china, flatware, and glassware from the dining hall constitutes theft and is forbidden. Disciplinary action may be taken.

K. USE OF THE DINING HALLS AFTER MEALS

Students or groups wishing to use a dining hall after meals for such events as dances or plays must first secure the permission of the head of the college and then coordinate the usage with the dining hall manager. Food purchased outside of Yale Hospitality is not allowed in any dining hall. There may be a charge for use of the dining hall. It is important to maintain the general condition of the dining facility after an event. Due to risk of injury and potential damages to furniture and facilities, students may not move dining room furnishings. Any such movement must be arranged through the dining hall manager and may require a fee for labor. Any special cleaning or damages will be charged to the student account or to the student organization sponsoring the event.

L. CONDUCT IN THE DINING HALLS

The dining halls are important social centers at Yale, and in the residential colleges especially they are the focus of much of the social life of the community. So that they may be places where everyone can eat and talk in comfort, certain activities must be regulated or entirely prohibited.

1. Annoyances. Loudness and offensive boisterousness are inconsiderate invasions of the rights of others and are not allowed. Food-throwing is absolutely forbidden.
2. Soliciting. Permission of the head of the college is required for solicitation in a residential college. (See Student Activities and Extracurricular Activities, section I, "Solicitation and sales.") Table-to-table solicitations and sales are prohibited. Students wishing to solicit for any purpose must consult the dining hall manager; at most times in most of the residential colleges, tables and chairs can be provided for such students near the entrance to the dining hall. Public announcements, except with the approval of the dining hall manager and the head of the college, are not allowed during meals.
3. Photographing. In general, photographing during meals is not allowed because it interferes with the privacy of others. Written application for an exception to this rule must be made to the head of the college. Photographing a dining hall when

meals are not being served can be arranged by contacting the dining hall manager, who will seek permission from the Senior Director of Yale Hospitality.

4. Table Tents and Other Notices. Table tents and other notices are not permitted on tables in any of the dining halls. Students are encouraged to use electronic bulletin boards, websites, and social media to advertise their events.
5. Smoking Regulations. Smoking is not permitted in the public areas of University buildings.

M. PENALTIES

For penalties for misuse of dining hall privileges, see section D, 'Misuse or misappropriation of dining services privileges.' The dining hall manager will refer other violations of the Hospitality Services Regulations to the head of the residential college or to the Yale College Executive Committee for disciplinary action. The head of the college has the right to forbid a student who violates the regulations to enter the dining hall, either permanently or for a specified period of time.

Financial Services

A. INCLUSIVE FEE FOR THE FALL AND SPRING TERMS

The inclusive fee for resident undergraduates for the academic year 2020-2021 is \$74,900. It includes tuition, room, board, library, laboratory, gymnasium, and (for seniors) graduation fees. The fee also covers network services, which include an Ethernet data connection at every desk and full wi-fi coverage; a telephone line in each suite; voicemail for each student; and 'basic' cable television service (39 channels) in each suite. Students can, at additional cost, request private telephone lines and an expanded cable television service.

The yearly tuition fee for nonresident students is \$57,700 (\$28,850 for the fall term and \$28,850 for the spring term). It includes all the items named above except room, board, and network services. The yearly room charge is \$9,750 (\$4,875 for the fall term and \$4,875 for the spring term); the yearly board charge is \$7,450 (\$3,725 for the fall term and \$3,725 for the spring term).

All students, whether resident or nonresident, will also be charged a yearly hospitalization and prescription coverage fee of \$2,548 by Yale Health, unless it is waived upon presentation of evidence that a student has valid and sufficient alternative hospitalization/specialty care coverage. Coverage for the fall term only is \$1,274; coverage for the spring term only is \$1,274. An online waiver indicating that a student wishes to waive this plan must be submitted to the Yale Health Member Services Department by September 15, 2020, for the fall term and by January 31, 2021, for the spring term.

Additional charges will be made for such optional or incidental items as attendance at Yale Summer Session, individual instruction in the School of Music, special materials in art courses, special examinations, library fines, fines for a late course schedule and course schedule changes, damage to University property caused by the student, and the like.

B. PAYMENT OF FEES

The official means of communicating student financial account information is through the University's Internet-based system for electronic billing and payment, YalePay. Yale does not mail paper bills or generate monthly statements.

The beginning of each month, email reminders to login to YalePay to review the student account activity are sent to all students at their official Yale email address and to all student-designated proxies. Payment is due in full by 4 p.m. Eastern time on the first of the following month.

YalePay is the preferred method of payment. For those who choose to pay by check, statements can be generated by term with a remittance advice with mailing instructions on the [YalePay website](#). Yale does not accept credit card payments.

All payments must be made in U.S. currency and checks must be drawn on a U.S. bank.

A processing charge of \$25 will be assessed for a payment returned for any reason by the bank on which it was drawn.

Fees for one-half the inclusive fee will be posted to the student account at the end of July. Payment will be due by 4 p.m. Eastern time on September 1. Fees for the Spring term will be posted to the student account at the end of October; payment of the balance will be due by 4 p.m. Eastern time on December 1.

Information about supplemental loan plans may be obtained from the Student Financial Services Center at 246 Church Street. (See "Financial Aid.")

A late charge will be assessed if any part of the inclusive fee is not paid when due. For payments due on September 1, but not received on or before that date, a late charge will be imposed as follows:

If Payment in Full is Not Received	Late Charge
By September 1 at 4 p.m.	\$125
By October 1 at 4 p.m.	An additional \$125

For payments due on December 1 but not received on or before that date, the late charge is as follows:

If Payment in Full is Not Received	Late Charge
By December 1 at 4 p.m.	\$125
By January 1 at 4 p.m.	An additional \$125
By February 1 at 4 p.m.	An additional \$125

Students who have not paid or made arrangements for payment of their term fees by the due date will be placed on hold until these financial obligations have been settled. University regulations require that all financial obligations to the University be paid as a condition of enrollment.

Students who cancel a leave of absence or a Year or Term Abroad are subject to the deadlines outlined above. Those whose payments have not been received by Yale by September 1 (for a fall term) or December 1 (for a spring term) are subject to the late charges as outlined above.

Bill Payment and Pending Military Benefits

Yale will not impose any penalty, including the assessment of late fees, the denial of access to classes, libraries, or other facilities, or the requirement that a student borrow additional funds, on any student because of the student's inability to meet their financial obligations to the institution, when the delay is due to the delayed disbursement of funding from VA under chapter 31 or 33.

Yale will permit a student to attend or participate in their course of education during the period beginning on the date on which the student provides to Yale a certificate of eligibility for entitlement to educational assistance under chapter 31 or 33 and ending on the earlier of the following dates: (1) the date on which payment from VA is made to Yale; (2) ninety days after the date Yale certifies tuition and fees following the receipt of the certificate of eligibility.

C. PAYMENT OF FEES, ACADEMIC TRANSCRIPTS, AND DIPLOMAS

No student will be able to secure an academic transcript unless all financial obligations to the University have been fulfilled. Similarly, no student will be awarded a diploma until all financial obligations have been fulfilled.

D. REBATES OF UNDERGRADUATE CHARGES

1. Withdrawal on or before the Fifteenth Day of a Term. A student who withdraws for any reason on or before the fifteenth day of a term (September 14, 2020, in the fall term and date to be determined in the spring term) will not be held responsible for the tuition, room, and board fees for that term. However, a resident student will be assessed a per diem housing charge for each day up to and including the day on which the student relinquishes the room. A student with a meal contract will be charged the guest rate per day for board through the date on which the student provides written notification of withdrawal to the Yale Dining Business Office, 246 Church Street. A nonresident student with the Dining Services Eli Bucks Plan will be charged only for meals actually taken.
2. Withdrawal after the First Fifteen Days but during the First Quarter of a Term. A student who withdraws for any reason after the fifteenth day of a term but on or before the last day of the first quarter of the term (September 24, 2020, in the fall term and date to be determined in the spring term) will be given a rebate of one-half (50%) of the tuition, room, and board fees due or paid for that term. A resident student will be assessed a per diem housing charge for each day from the date of withdrawal up to and including the day on which the student relinquishes the room. A student with a meal contract will be charged the guest rate per meal for meals taken from the date of withdrawal through the date on which the student provides written notification of withdrawal to the Yale Dining Business Office, 246 Church Street. A nonresident student with the Dining Services Eli Bucks Plan will be charged only for meals actually taken.
3. Withdrawal after the First Quarter but on or before Midterm. A student who withdraws for any reason after the first quarter of a term but on or before the day of midterm (October 23, 2020, in the fall term and date to be determined in the spring term) will be given a rebate of one-quarter (25%) of the tuition, room, and

board fees due or paid for that term. A resident student will be assessed a per diem housing charge for each day from the date of withdrawal up to and including the day on which the student relinquishes the room. A student with a meal contract will be charged the per diem assessment for board taken from the date of withdrawal through the date on which the student provides written notification of withdrawal to the Yale Dining Business Office, 246 Church Street. A nonresident student with the Dining Services Eli Bucks Plan will be charged only for meals actually taken.

4. **Withdrawal after Midterm.** A student who withdraws for any reason after midterm (October 23, 2020, in the fall term and date to be determined in the spring term) will not be given a rebate of any portion of the tuition, room, and board fees due or paid for that term.
5. **Required Withdrawal for Academic or Disciplinary Reasons.** A student who is required to withdraw during a term because of unsatisfactory academic performance or disciplinary reasons in the previous term will have his or her financial aid prorated based upon the number of days the student was enrolled in the current term. The student will not be charged the inclusive fee for the current term even if the withdrawal occurs after the fifteenth day of the term. The student will, however, be charged for room and board on the basis described in Section D.1., “Withdrawal on or before the Fifteenth Day of a Term.”
6. **Health Services.** A student who withdraws from the University on or before the fifteenth day of the term will not be held responsible for the tuition fee for that term and as a result will not be eligible for any Yale Health benefits. Under such circumstances, the student will be refunded the premium fee(s) paid for Yale Health Hospitalization/Specialty Coverage and, if applicable, for Yale Health Prescription Plus Coverage. The student's Yale Health membership will be terminated retroactively to the start of the term and any services rendered and/or claims paid will be billed to the student on a fee-for-service basis.

A student who withdraws from the University after the first fifteen days will be covered by Yale Health for 30 days following the date of withdrawal, or to the last day of the term, whichever comes first. A student who is hospitalized on the date of withdrawal or during the 30-day extension and has Yale Health Hospitalization/Specialty Coverage and Yale Health Prescription Plus Coverage will have coverage until discharged from the hospital, up to the benefit limitation for that illness. In both these instances, Yale Health premiums are not refunded and will not be prorated. Students who withdraw are not eligible for Yale Health Affiliate Coverage.

7. **The Tuition Refund Plan in the Event of Medical Withdrawal.** The University makes available to students and parents an option to participate in the tuition refund plan of A. W. G. Dewar, Inc. This plan provides protection from the loss of funds paid for tuition (and room and board, if applicable). Eighty percent of the funds paid by the student or the family to the University for tuition, room, and board, less any refund or credit due the student from the University, will be refunded provided the medical condition of the student is certified by a licensed physician and the condition necessitates complete withdrawal from all classes for the balance of the term. Benefit payment is made to Yale to be credited to the student's account. Benefits not required to settle the student's account with Yale will be refunded to the student through Yale. Benefits are coordinated with and

reduced by credits issued by the University to the student's account as a result of withdrawal.

8. **Death.** In the event of a student's death on or before the fifteenth day of a term, the inclusive fee for that term will be canceled in full. Should death occur after the fifteenth day of a term, the Registrar's Office will adjust the inclusive fee on a pro rata basis as of the date of death.
9. **Leave of Absence.** The rules given in section D.1. above apply to a student who has been granted a leave of absence, except for Yale Health coverage (See Health Services, section C, "Eligibility changes") and rebate of room rent.
10. **Rebate of Room Rent.** Special provisions have been made regarding rebate of room rent for the fall term of 2020. For the fall term of 2020, the housing relinquishment fee is waived; students who relinquish housing after August 31 will only be charged a per diem room and board rate. (No room or board charges apply between August 24 and August 30.) In addition, students arriving after August 31 will not be charged for the room and board they do not use from August 31 until the day before they arrive. Once relinquished, housing is not available for the rest of the semester. These special provisions modify the following information.

Students are subject to a charge when they relinquish a room after accepting and contracting for it in a college room draw. The amount of the charge depends on how early students notify their residential college deans, in writing, of the intention to relinquish the room.

A minimum charge applies for relinquishing a room for a fall semester, according to the deadlines that follow, but not always for a spring term for students who notify their residential college deans on or before the previous November 30; students who relinquish a room on or before November 30 for the spring term will not be responsible for the spring-term room charge.

Charges for relinquishing fall-term housing

A student who has contracted for a room but who notifies the college dean in writing on or before the first day of the fall term of an intention to relinquish that room will be charged a nonrefundable deposit of one-quarter (25%) of the term room rent.

A student who has contracted for a room but who notifies the college dean in writing on or before the fifteenth day of the fall term of an intention to relinquish that room will be charged a nonrefundable deposit of one-quarter (25%) of the term room rent plus the per diem housing charge for each day up to and including the day on which the student relinquishes the room.

A student who has contracted for a room but who notifies the college dean in writing after the fifteenth day of the fall term but on or before the last day of the first quarter of the fall term of an intention to relinquish that room will be charged one-half (50%) of the term room rent.

A student who has contracted for a room but who notifies the college dean in writing after the last day of the first quarter of the fall term but on or before

midterm of an intention to relinquish that room will be charged three-quarters (75%) of the term room rent.

Charges for relinquishing spring-term housing

A student who has contracted for a room but who notifies the college dean in writing by November 30, 2020, of an intention to relinquish his or her room during the spring term will not be responsible for the spring-term room charge.

A student who has contracted for a room but who notifies the college dean in writing on or before the first day of the spring term of an intention to relinquish that room will be charged a nonrefundable deposit of one-quarter (25%) of the term room rent.

A student who has contracted for a room but who notifies the college dean in writing on or before the fifteenth day of the spring term of an intention to relinquish that room will be charged a nonrefundable deposit of one-quarter (25%) of the term room rent plus the per diem housing charge for each day up to and including the day on which the student relinquishes the room.

A student who has contracted for a room but who notifies the college dean in writing after the fifteenth day of the spring term but on or before the last day of the first quarter of the spring term of an intention to relinquish that room will be charged one-half (50%) of the term room rent.

A student who has contracted for a room but who notifies the college dean in writing after the last day of the first quarter of the spring term but on or before midterm of an intention to relinquish that room will be charged three-quarters (75%) of the term room rent.

11. Board Rebate. Board rebates will not be given nor release granted to students observing religious beliefs, holidays, or fasts, students following specialized diets due to medical conditions, or students pursuing voluntary dietary restrictions based on various ethical, political, environmental, or health concerns.

No board rebate will be given to a student during a period of absence from the University if that absence is less than two weeks. After that, and if the absence is approved by the residential college dean, the student will receive a board rebate equal to one-half the daily rate for each board day so approved.

12. Financial Aid Recipients. For purposes of determining the refund of Federal Student Aid funds, any student who withdraws from Yale College for any reason during the first 60% of any term will be subject to a pro rata schedule which determines the amount of Federal Student Aid funds a student has earned at the time of withdrawal. A student who withdraws after the 60% point has earned 100% of his or her Federal Student Aid funds for the term. In 2020-2021, the last days for the refund of Federal Student Aid funds will be October 29, 2020 in the fall term and a to-be-determined date in the spring term when the College's spring calendar is finalized.

For purposes of determining the refund of institutional aid funds, any student who withdraws from Yale College for any reason on or before Midterm will be subject to a pro rata schedule which determines the amount of institutional aid funds a student has earned at the time of withdrawal. This schedule is based in part on the rebate of charges as previously indicated.

In all cases students are encouraged to contact Yale Student Financial Services to inquire about the consequences of withdrawal.

Recipients of Federal and/or institutional loans who graduate or withdraw are required to have an Exit Interview before leaving Yale. Students leaving Yale receive instructions on completing this process from Yale Student Financial Services.

13. Interruption or Temporary Suspension of University Services or Programs. Certain events that are beyond the University's control may cause or require the interruption or temporary suspension of some or all services and programs customarily furnished by the University. These events include, but are not limited to, epidemics or other public health emergencies; storms, floods, earthquakes, or other natural disasters; war, terrorism, rioting, or other acts of violence; loss of power, water, or other utility services; and strikes, work stoppages, or job actions. In the face of such events, the University may, at its sole discretion, provide substitute services and programs or appropriate refunds. The decision to suspend services and programs shall be made at the sole discretion of the University.

Health Services

The Yale Health Center is located on campus at 55 Lock Street. The center is home to Yale Health, a not-for-profit, physician-led health coverage option that offers a wide variety of health care services for students and other members of the Yale community. Services include student health, gynecology, mental health, pediatrics, pharmacy, blood draw, diagnostic imaging, a seventeen-bed inpatient care department, a round-the-clock acute care clinic, and specialty services such as allergy, dermatology, orthopedics, and a travel clinic. Yale Health coordinates and provides payment for the services provided at the Yale Health Center, as well as for emergency treatment, off-site specialty services, inpatient hospital care, and other ancillary services. Yale Health's services are detailed in the Yale Health Student Handbook, available through the Yale Health Member Services Department, 203-432-0246, or online at yalehealth.yale.edu.

A. ELIGIBILITY FOR SERVICES

All registered undergraduates (except those enrolled in the Nondegree Students program) are enrolled automatically for Yale Health Basic Coverage. Basic Coverage is offered at no charge and includes preventive health, blood draw, and medical services in the departments of Student Health, Gynecology, Mental Health & Counseling, Nutrition, and Inpatient Care. In addition, treatment for urgent medical problems can be obtained twenty-four hours a day through Acute Care. Students on leave of absence or on a Year or Term Abroad are not eligible for Basic Coverage but may enroll in Student Affiliate Coverage. Students enrolled in the Nondegree Students program are not eligible for Basic Coverage but may enroll in the Billed Associates Plan and pay a monthly premium. Students enrolled in the Eli Whitney Students program

receive Yale Health Basic Coverage if they are enrolled at least half time; others in that program are eligible to elect the Student Affiliate Coverage. Associates must register for a minimum of one term within the first thirty days of affiliation with the University. Students not eligible for Basic Coverage may also use the services on a fee-for-service basis. Students who wish to be seen fee-for-service must register with the Member Services Department. Enrollment applications for the Student Affiliate Coverage, Billed Associates Plan, or Fee-for-Service Program are available from the Member Services Department. All students who purchase Yale Health Hospitalization/Specialty Coverage (<https://yalehealth.yale.edu/coverage/student-coverage>) are welcome to use specialty and ancillary services at Yale Health Center. Upon referral, Yale Health will cover the cost of specialty and ancillary services for these students. Students with an alternate insurance plan should seek specialty services from a provider who accepts their alternate insurance.

1. Required immunizations and completion of Yale Health vaccination record

All new students are required to complete these requirements by August 1, 2020. Please access the Incoming Student Vaccination Form for undergraduate students at <https://yalehealth.yale.edu/new-undergraduate-student-forms>. Once the form has been completed, the information must be entered into the Yale Mediat online system and all supporting documents must be uploaded to <https://yale.mediatconnect.com/>. The Yale Health Vaccination Record Form, which must be completed by a healthcare provider, addresses each of the following:

- a. Measles, mumps, rubella, and varicella (chicken pox) vaccinations: All full-time matriculated students who were born after January 1, 1957, are required to provide proof of immunization against measles, mumps, rubella, and varicella. Connecticut State Department of Public Health (DPH) regulations require two doses of the following vaccines:

Measles vaccine. The first dose must have been given after the student's first birthday. The second dose must have been administered at least 30 days after the first measles vaccination. In lieu of vaccination, the student may submit laboratory confirmation of a positive titer result (blood test to determine immunity).

Mumps vaccine. The first dose must have been given after the student's first birthday. The second dose must have been administered at least 30 days after the first mumps vaccination. In lieu of vaccination, the student may submit laboratory confirmation of a positive titer result (blood test to determine immunity).

Rubella vaccine. The first dose must have been given after the student's first birthday. The second dose must have been administered at least 30 days after the first rubella vaccination. In lieu of vaccination, the student may submit laboratory confirmation of a positive titer result (blood test to determine immunity).

Varicella (chicken pox) vaccine. The first dose must have been given after the student's first birthday. The second dose must have been administered at least 30 days after the first varicella vaccination. In lieu of vaccination, the student

may submit laboratory confirmation of a positive titer result (blood test to determine immunity), or documentation by a healthcare provider, of past varicella disease.

Students who are not compliant with this CT State DPH regulation will not be permitted to register for classes or move into the dormitories for the fall term, 2020. This regulation applies to all students unless they present (a) a completed CT State DPH Medical Waiver Form and a letter from a physician stating that such immunization is medically contraindicated, or (b) a completed and notarized CT State DPH Religious Waiver Form.

- b. Quadrivalent Meningococcal (meningitis) vaccination: All students living in on-campus housing must be vaccinated against meningococcal disease. Students are required to provide documentation, by a clinician, of one quadrivalent meningitis vaccination administered within the last five years. The only vaccines that will be accepted in satisfaction of the meningitis vaccination requirement are ACWY Vax, Menveo, Nimenrix, Menactra, Mencevax, and Menomune.

Students who are not compliant with this regulation will not be permitted to register for classes or move into the dormitories for the fall term, 2020. Please note that the State of Connecticut does not require this vaccine for students who intend to reside off campus.

This regulation applies to all students living on campus unless they present fully completed CT State DPH Medical or Religious Waiver Forms.

- c. Tuberculosis (TB) screening. All full-time matriculated students are required to provide documentation of a recent screening result and any other testing or treatment related to Tuberculosis if they currently reside in countries other than the United States or have traveled internationally within the past year.

B. HEALTH COVERAGE ENROLLMENT

The University requires all students eligible for Basic Coverage to have adequate hospital insurance coverage as well. Students may choose Yale Health Hospitalization/Specialty Coverage or elect to waive the plan if they have other hospitalization coverage, such as coverage through a spouse or parent. The waiver must be renewed annually, and it is the student's responsibility to confirm receipt of the waiver by the University's deadlines noted below.

1. Yale Health Hospitalization/Specialty Coverage. For a detailed explanation of this plan, which includes coverage for prescriptions, see the Yale Health Student Handbook. Students are automatically enrolled and charged a fee each term on their Student Financial Services bill for Hospitalization/Specialty Coverage. Students with no break in coverage who are enrolled during both the fall and spring terms are billed each term and are covered from August 1 through July 31. For students entering Yale for the first time, readmitted students, and students returning from a leave of absence who have not been covered during their leave, Hospitalization/Specialty Coverage begins on the day the dormitories officially open. A student

who is enrolled for the fall term only is covered for services through January 31; a student enrolled for the spring term only is covered for services through July 31.

- a. **Waiving Yale Health Hospitalization/Specialty Coverage.** Students are permitted to waive Hospitalization/Specialty Coverage by completing an online waiver form. It is the student's responsibility to report any changes in alternate insurance coverage to the Member Services Department within 30 days. Students are encouraged to review their present coverage and compare its benefits to those available under Yale Health. The waiver form must be filed annually and must be received by September 15 for the full year or fall term or by January 31 for the spring term only.
 - b. **Revoking the waiver.** Students who waive Hospitalization/Specialty Coverage but later wish to be covered must complete and send a form voiding their waiver to the Member Services Department by September 15 for the full year or fall term or by January 31 for the spring term only. Students who wish to revoke their waiver during the term may do so, provided they show proof of loss of the alternate insurance plan and enroll within thirty days of the loss of this coverage. Yale Health fees will not be prorated.
2. **Yale Health Student Dependent Plans.** A student may enroll his or her lawfully married spouse or civil union partner and/or legally dependent children under the age of twenty-six in one of three student dependent plans: Student + Spouse, Student + Child/Children, or the Student Family Plan. These plans include services described in both Basic Coverage and Hospitalization/Specialty Coverage. Coverage is not automatic and enrollment is by application. Applications are available from the Member Services Department or can be downloaded from the Yale Health website and must be renewed annually. Applications must be received by September 15 for full-year or fall-term coverage, or by January 31 for spring-term coverage only.
 3. **Yale Health Student Affiliate Coverage.** Students on leave of absence or extended study, or students paying less than half tuition may enroll in Yale Health Student Affiliate Coverage, which includes services described in both Basic and Hospitalization/Specialty Coverage. Applications are available from the Member Services Department or can be downloaded from the Yale Health website and must be received by September 15 for full-year or fall-term coverage, or by January 31 for spring-term coverage only.

C. ELIGIBILITY CHANGES

1. **Withdrawal.** A student who withdraws from the University during the first fifteen days of the term will be refunded the fee paid for Hospitalization/Specialty Coverage. The student will not be eligible for any Yale Health benefits, and the student's Yale Health membership will be terminated retroactive to the beginning of the term. The medical record will be reviewed, and any services rendered and/or claims paid will be billed to the student on a fee-for-service basis. At all other times, a student who withdraws from the University will be covered by Yale Health for thirty days following the date of withdrawal. Fees will not be prorated or refunded. Students who withdraw are not eligible to enroll in Student Affiliate Coverage. Regardless of enrollment in Yale Health Hospitalization/Specialty Coverage, a student who withdraws from the University will have access to services available

under Yale Health Basic Coverage (including Student Health, Athletic Medicine, Mental Health & Counseling, and Care Management) during these thirty days to the extent necessary for a coordinated transition of care.

2. Leave of absence. Students who are granted a leave of absence are eligible to purchase Student Affiliate Coverage for the term(s) of the leave. If the leave occurs on or before the first day of classes, Hospitalization/Specialty Coverage will end retroactive to the start of the coverage period for the term. If the leave occurs any time after the first day of classes, Hospitalization/Specialty Coverage will end on the day the Registrar is notified of the leave. In either case, students may enroll in Student Affiliate Coverage. Students must enroll in Affiliate Coverage prior to the beginning of the term unless the Registrar is notified after the first day of classes, in which case, the coverage must be purchased within thirty days of the date the Registrar was notified. Fees paid for Hospitalization/Specialty Coverage will be applied toward the cost of Affiliate Coverage. Coverage is not automatic; enrollment forms are available at the Member Services Department or can be downloaded from the Yale Health website. Fees will not be prorated or refunded.

Housing

A. RESIDENCE

The head of each residential college is in charge of all college affairs, including housing. Generally the responsibility for room assignments is delegated to the dean; in some circumstances the head and dean may collaborate in making housing decisions.

Campus housing regulations are binding on all students in residence in Yale College housing and on their visitors, whether from Yale or elsewhere. The following regulations apply in the residential colleges, on the Old Campus, and in any other annex spaces.

1. Occupancy. Students in their first four terms of enrollment must live on campus unless they are married or are at least twenty-one years of age on the first day of classes in the term in question. First-year students and sophomores who are rusticated are required to live off campus during the time of their rustication.

Students must live in the rooms to which they have been assigned. They may not move without the permission of the residential college dean or head. All resident students must take a meal contract. Empty beds in suites may be filled at the discretion of residential college deans or heads without prior notice to students.

On-campus housing is guaranteed to first-year students and sophomores, for whom residence is required. Housing is generally available for all who request it, but availability is not guaranteed.

2. Off-Campus Housing. Juniors and seniors are ordinarily permitted to live off campus; however, the residential college head or dean may require a student to remain on campus in unusual circumstances. The University assumes that students have notified their parents or guardians of their housing plans.

Any student living off campus may select a resident meal plan and is encouraged to take advantage of all the other resources of the college.

3. Mixed-Gender housing. Yale has adopted a mixed-gender suites option for all upper-level student room draws, with the following conditions:
 - a. No student will be assigned to a mixed-gender suite against his or her will.
 - b. Mixed-gender housing groups will get no advantage or disadvantage in the housing selection process. If they are not able to select a suite that can accommodate them, they may need to break into different groups that may or may not be mixed-gender.
4. Room Draw. An undergraduate who participates in the room draw of a residential college in the spring, and accepts a room as a result of the draw, has contracted for that room. If that student subsequently relinquishes the room, he or she normally will be subject to the charges outlined in Financial Services.
5. Wheelchair-accessible housing. Any student who selects and accepts a wheelchair-accessible room may later be required to relinquish it to a disabled student. If the room is needed, the original occupant will be provided with alternative housing.
6. Reinstatement. Students applying for reinstatement who wish to live on campus should notify the residential college dean early in their reinstatement process. On-campus housing is guaranteed to first-year students and sophomores, for whom residence is required. Housing is generally available for all students who request it, but availability is not guaranteed. Housing will be determined upon completion of the reinstatement process: in early to mid-August, for the fall semester, and in early December, for the spring semester.
7. Transfer of College Affiliation. Students may request a transfer from their assigned residential college to another college. Such a request will be granted when a student has compelling reasons and there is space in the college to which he or she wishes to transfer. Instructions and the form to request a transfer may be obtained in the office of the head or dean of any residential college.

Transfer requests must be made in early February, for the following fall term; residential college deans will publicize deadlines at the start of the spring term. In unusual circumstances, students may ask to transfer affiliation at other times of the year; such requests will be considered on a case-by-case basis.

8. Occupying and Vacating Rooms. All residences, including the residential colleges, Old Campus dormitories, and annex facilities, open for occupancy on stipulated dates before the beginning of classes each term. They are open for the entire fall and spring terms, but all are closed during the winter recess; the only exceptions are annex apartments, when they are in use. A residential college head may require students planning to stay on campus during the spring recess to notify the office before the start of recess.

All students must vacate their rooms by noon of the day following the end of the final examination period in the fall term. In the spring term, all students but seniors must vacate their rooms by noon of the day following the end of the final examination period; seniors may remain in their quarters until noon of the day following Commencement.

Failure to vacate rooms by these times will result in a fine of \$100, which will be charged to a student's University account.

Students who are suspended must vacate the college and return keys and Yale identification to the residential college dean's office within the time period specified by the Executive Committee. In no case may that period be greater than 72 hours after the imposition of the penalty. A suspended student may not return to campus during the period of suspension for any reason unless he or she receives express written permission in advance from his or her residential college dean or head, or the dean of student affairs, Camille Lizarribar.

Only students currently enrolled in Yale College may live in undergraduate housing; students on a leave of absence, students on a Year or Term Abroad, and withdrawn students may not occupy student housing. Students occupying dormitory rooms during the fall who will be leaving for the spring term must remove all of their possessions by noon of the day following the end of final examination period in the fall, so that the room can be prepared for the next occupant.

B. CONDUCT IN THE DORMITORIES

Living and working in a community requires individuals to show each other mutual respect and consideration. Students need to be able to sleep and study in comfort, and they have a right to privacy. Persistent rooming disagreements should be discussed with the residential college head or dean.

1. Noise. Students should use sound systems, musical instruments, televisions, etc., with consideration for the rights of others. This is particularly important between 11 p.m. and 7 a.m. Sunday through Thursday and between 1 a.m. and 8 a.m. on Friday and Saturday. The residential college head has the authority to confiscate sound equipment and return it to the student at the end of the academic year if its use is inappropriate. Inconsiderate noise should be reported to the head and dean. Violation of the rules against noise may result in the penalty of rustication.
2. Firecrackers and Fireworks. Students may not store or use fireworks anywhere on campus. Violations will be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law and referred to the Executive Committee.
3. Firearms and Weapons. Guns, ammunition, air rifles, paintball and pellet guns, BB guns, Tasers, knives, and other weapons are absolutely prohibited.
4. Pets. Students are not permitted to keep pets in their dormitory rooms. Off-campus students may not bring their pets onto campus. The Facilities Superintendent has the authority to remove and to send to the pound any animal found in University residences.
5. Service and Emotional Support Animals. In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act and other applicable state and federal law, Yale University generally allows students with disabilities to bring Service Animals to campus to perform work or tasks related to a disability. In some cases, Emotional Support Animals that do not qualify as Service Animals under the ADA may be permitted in University housing if shown to be necessary to afford a student with a documented disability

an equal opportunity to use and enjoy University housing (<https://your.yale.edu/policies-procedures/policies/4400-service-animals-and-emotional-support-animals>).

Students planning to bring a Service Animal to campus or seeking approval to bring an Emotional Support Animal to campus should contact Student Accessibility Services as early as possible to begin the approval and registration process.

6. Thrown Objects. Throwing objects of any kind from windows is forbidden.
7. Guests. Students living in the dormitories may have guests for brief visits, no more than three days. Roommates who feel inconvenienced by the presence of others' guests should discuss the matter with their residential college head or dean. No guest may be in residence if a host is not present. Students are responsible for the behavior of their guests at all times; guests may not use common areas of a college unless their hosts are present.
8. Trading and Soliciting. Students may not invite dealers or other tradespeople onto campus unless they receive permission from the head of their residential college. They also may not make contracts or agreements with such individuals that would require their presence in dormitories, except to remove or deliver goods to an individual student. Violations of this rule could result in the exclusion of such dealers and tradespeople from University grounds and buildings, and might also subject the contracting student to disciplinary action.
9. Restricted Areas. Students may not trespass in areas that are locked, such as rooftops, towers, and tunnels.
10. Smoking Regulations. Yale University is a tobacco-free and smoke-free campus. Smoking or vaping of any kind is prohibited in all areas of the University campus, and in property leased or owned by Yale. All tobacco products, including chewing tobacco, are also prohibited.
11. Postings. Notices and postings may be put up on bulletin boards with permission of the residential college head. Students are prohibited from attaching notices or posters to doors, walls, etc.; such notices will be removed. See Posters, Chalking, and Publicity.
12. Recording devices. Cameras or any other recording devices, including drones, are not permitted in the residential colleges. Anyone wishing to film or take still photographs elsewhere on the Yale campus must inform the Yale Office of Public Affairs & Communications, by email at opac@yale.edu or phone (203-432-1345).

C. DORMITORY FURNISHINGS

Each student in residence in a Yale College room will be supplied with a bed, mattress, bureau or wardrobe, desk, and chair. The University does not provide computer desks or tables. A recycling bin is allocated to each suite. In addition, some rooms or suites are furnished with bookcases, fire screens, curtains, window screens, or storm windows. At the beginning of each term, students will receive a Facilities Superintendent's dormitory room report listing the furniture that has been provided; the property listed becomes a student's responsibility. Students must inform the Facilities Superintendent within five

days of occupancy if the report contains mistakes. Even when absent from their rooms, students are held responsible for any disorder or damage occurring there.

No University-issued furnishings may be removed from student rooms. If any furnishings are missing from rooms at the end of the year, students will be billed for replacement costs.

Students who damage furniture or furnishings will be charged for repairs. If it is unclear who damaged items, all of the occupants of the suite will be billed for a share of the repair or replacement. (See also section H, Maintenance of dormitory rooms and campus areas.)

D. STORAGE

Students should check their residential college websites for specific information regarding storage in their colleges.

At all times, storage is limited to the spaces each college designates for that purpose. No student may store possessions in the mechanical rooms of any college basement. The University reserves the right to dispose of improperly stored items without notice and without compensation. Absolutely no storage is allowed in stairwells and hallways in accordance with Connecticut state fire code.

Storage over the summer in the residential colleges is not a right but a privilege. The system is costly in terms of the time it requires of the offices of the heads of college and the facilities staffs, and creates difficulties for the Summer Session and for those trying to clean and refresh the facilities. Summer storage is not permitted on the Old Campus or in University annex space. Nevertheless, the heads of college generally try their best to make the most space possible available, but storage, even in the most spacious of colleges, is severely limited, and students should remember this in making their plans.

Storage in the summer may be divided into two categories: boxed storage of personal effects and furniture or other room furnishings. In order to prevent thefts during the summer recess, to prepare rooms for summer occupancy, and to facilitate important maintenance work, students must remove all their personal effects from the rooms of the residential colleges, Old Campus, and annex housing at the end of the academic year and must either place their belongings in storage facilities provided by the college or remove them from the premises.

Student living in spaces that have University-owned common room furniture may not leave any common room furniture over the summer. Students living in spaces that do not have University-owned common room furniture may each store in the common room one lamp, one desk chair, and one bookcase (no cinderblock constructions, no plastic cubes or other substitutions); each suite may leave one couch. All of these items must be labeled and left in locations specified by each college's department of facilities, or they will be discarded.

Refrigerators may not be stored in student rooms or college storage spaces. Students must identify each item left in the room or suite with a tag obtained from the college office of the head of college, and must securely attach and label each tag with the owner's name as well as fall and spring room numbers. Untagged or illegally tagged or excessive furniture, rugs, pictures, and other possessions left in rooms will be removed

at the discretion of the college facilities superintendent, and the student will be charged for the expense of the removal.

Colleges will provide storage either within the college or on a truck with the same number of boxes allotted to each student, regardless of where storage is located. Students may store a maximum of three boxes. A student may store boxes only in their respective college or its storage truck. If a student is transferring to another college, the student may store boxes in their current or future college's summer storage location, but not both. Only boxed items will be stored; no loose items or outsized items will be stored. Each box must be labeled on the sides in bold black lettering with the student's name and fall-term room number.

Students are encouraged to take valuables home for the summer; do not store them on campus over the summer. Books, clothing, and basic room supplies are good examples of common items students store over the summer. No food or electronics should be stored in box storage. Students will have no access over the summer to the belongings stored on campus; storage spaces open after the colleges reopen in the fall.

The charge for box storage is \$10 per box. All colleges will use the same boxes for storage.

Yale takes no responsibility for the safety of personal items you leave on University property or store within your college or trucks designated for summer storage, and offers no protection against theft, loss, fire, or flood. Summer residents, Yale workers, and outside contractors will be in residential spaces over the summer. Students are encouraged to provide their own storage for furniture and possessions and to provide insurance against loss or damage. In any college designated for occupancy during the summer, or for renovation or alteration, alternate storage arrangements may have to be made.

E. INSURANCE FOR PERSONAL BELONGINGS

Yale is not responsible for loss of, or damage to, any personal belongings anywhere on or off campus, whether in a dormitory room, an off-campus apartment, or a storage area, regardless of the cause of the loss or damage. All students are encouraged to make their own arrangements to obtain insurance against loss or damage.

Yale's Office of Enterprise Risk Management provides access for students to a comprehensive insurance policy to protect student personal belongings. Details can be found at <https://ogc.yale.edu/erm/ins/protecting-personal-property-yale-university-campus>.

F. FIRE SAFETY

It is crucial that all fires on campus, no matter how small, be reported to the residential college head's office and by calling 911. This includes fires extinguished without the assistance of the fire department or the Yale Police Department.

The University reserves the right to enter and to inspect any student room without prior notice. All dormitory rooms will be inspected twice a year. When the inspection is completed, occupants will be provided with a University fire safety inspection report. They will be required to move any obstructions to fire doors or other dormitory exits. Any flammable or combustible material will be removed at the expense of the

occupants. If the deficiencies are not corrected the students will be fined at least \$100 and referred to the Executive Committee for disciplinary action.

1. **Fire Alarms.** All occupants are required to vacate the building in a timely manner when a fire alarm is activated, including when fire drills are being performed. Deliberately setting off a fire alarm when there is no fire is extremely dangerous and violates the laws of the State of Connecticut. A student who sets off a fire alarm will be fined at least \$100 and prosecuted to the full extent of the law. Further disciplinary action will be taken by the residential college head or by the Yale College Executive Committee.
2. **Fire Extinguishers.** In the event of a fire, students should vacate the building, pull the fire alarm as they leave, and call 911. Students should use fire extinguishers only if they have been trained in their use and they can use them without presenting dangers to themselves or others. Students may not tamper with or remove fire extinguishers from their proper stations or discharge them except to put out fires. Students violating this rule will be fined at least \$100 plus any cleanup costs that may be incurred. They may be subject to further disciplinary action by the residential college head or by the Yale College Executive Committee.
3. **Smoke Detectors and Sprinkler Systems.** The smoke detectors in each room must be in working order at all times. Students are required to press the test button on the front cover of their detectors monthly; if there is no sound, they must report the malfunction to the Facilities Superintendent. If it is found that students have damaged, removed, or deliberately made their smoke detectors inoperative, occupants of the room or suite in which the detector is placed will be fined at least \$200 each, and they will be subject to further disciplinary action by the residential college head or by the Yale College Executive Committee.

Students may not tamper with the automatic sprinkler systems in dormitory rooms. Sprinkler heads and pipes must not be used to hang clothing or other items because such use could lead to damage that could cause the system to activate, causing property damage. In order to ensure that they will function as designed in case of a fire, sprinkler heads must never be painted; painting can delay or prevent the sprinkler head from operating when needed. Students who cause the unnecessary discharge of a sprinkler will be fined \$100 per person and charged for replacement of sprinkler heads, cleanup costs, and the repair or replacement of any damaged items. They may be subject to further disciplinary action by the residential college head or by the Yale College Executive Committee.

If, during a party, deliberate and unnecessary activation or discharge of fire alarms, sprinkler systems, or fire extinguishers, or tampering with fire alarms, smoke detectors, sprinkler systems, or door closures is discovered, the party will be stopped immediately and the person or persons hosting the party will be held responsible for all fines and cleanup costs and the students will be referred to the Executive Committee for disciplinary action.

4. **Cooking Appliances.** For reasons of fire safety or because of limits of power capacity, only the following cooking appliances are permitted in dormitory rooms:

- Small electric tea kettles
 - Keurig-type beverage makers
 - One of the following appliances: microwave (maximum output of 700 watts) OR a refrigerator (maximum capacity 3.1 cubic feet) OR a combined microwave-refrigerator (maximum output 700 watts)
 - All appliances shall be directly plugged into a receptacle. No power strips or extension cords will be permitted.
5. Prohibited items. The following items are not permitted in dormitory rooms:
- Hot plates
 - Air conditioners, including portable units such as 'Move in Cool'
 - Freezers
 - Toasters
 - Toaster ovens
 - Broilers
 - Griddles
 - Rice cookers
 - Coffeepots
 - Appliances that are in poor condition or that are deemed hazardous by Yale officials
 - Halogen lamps
 - Space heaters, except when issued in emergencies by Physical Plant. Only liquid-filled space heaters issued by Physical Plant are allowed. Space heaters must be returned to Physical Plant immediately after the emergency is mitigated.
 - Any electrical appliance with defective wiring or of an improper current rating
 - Kerosene lamps, camping cooking equipment, or other open-flame devices
 - Fabric or fishnet textiles hung from the ceiling or more than 20% of the walls in a room
 - Cork boards more than four square feet in size
 - Flammable fluids and gases such as kerosene, gasoline, and propane
 - Candles and incense
 - Live holiday trees and decorations
 - Residential-grade extension cords and power strips; only UL-approved commercial-grade extension cords and power strips are permitted.

6. Fireplaces. Fireplaces may not be used under any circumstances.
7. Fire Exit Doors. Access to fire exit doors must never be blocked; the automatic closure mechanisms must not be propped open. Occupants of any dormitory room in which any of these occurs will be fined \$200 per occupant.
8. Obstructions of Fire Exits. No object of any sort may be placed or stored in entryways, corridors, exitways, or any other position where it might obstruct immediate access to a fire door or exit. This includes tripping hazards such as rugs or telephone and extension cords.
9. Treatment of Material. Draperies, mattresses, mattress covers, carpets, or wall hangings over four square feet in size must be noncombustible or have been treated with a flame-retardant material.
10. Holiday Lights. Holiday lights will be limited to no more than three strings per room; these are prohibited from being plugged into each other to create a single string of lights, and must be listed and labeled by a product certification agency, such as Underwriters Laboratories (U.L.). No holiday lighting or decorations may be installed in stairwells or on the exterior of the building, including Old Campus.
11. Special Events. Social gatherings or special events of more than 50 people must be approved by Fire Code Compliance Services (203-432-9923). The Yale Police Department and Yale Security must also be notified, via <http://publicsafety.yale.edu/safety-services/request-police-or-security-services>.

G. ROOM INSPECTIONS

The University reserves the right to enter and to inspect any student room; inspections may be made without prior notice. Students are responsible for the care of their rooms and are expected to keep them in reasonable condition. If they do not do so, after appropriate warnings they will be charged a fine (assessed per student if more than one student occupies the room). Students who further disregard reasonable standards may be required to relinquish the room without rebate.

In entryway bathrooms, personal belongings are to be left only in the designated storage units or on installed shelves. Such belongings may not block the emergency exit doors connected to other rooms. Students living in suites with internal bathrooms are responsible for cleaning their own bathrooms and for requesting necessary repairs or other maintenance. Such bathrooms are furnished with cleaning supplies and cleaned twice each year by custodial services, during the winter recess and at the end of the spring term.

At the end of the academic year, each student must sign out of his or her room individually. Each student must complete a sign-out form upon leaving; students who fail to do so will be assessed a fine. When rooms or suites are left in poor condition, a cleaning fee will be assessed, appropriately divided between suitemates or roommates.

H. MAINTENANCE OF DORMITORY ROOMS AND CAMPUS AREAS

1. Damage to Rooms or Other University Property. Students responsible for damage to their rooms or to other University property will be charged for the cost of repairs.

When students move into their rooms they will be provided, by e-mail, with a student tenant manual that includes a fee schedule for damages. All damages must be reported to the Facilities Superintendent within five days of occupancy.

2. Alterations. Students may not make alterations to their rooms. No lofts or partitions of any kind may be constructed. Ceiling fans, outside TV antennae, air conditioners, and waterbeds are also prohibited. No furniture or equipment attached to the building itself may be removed. If alterations are made without permission, the University reserves the right to require restoration of the previous condition at the occupant's expense.
3. Painting. The painting or defacing of walls or woodwork in the bedrooms or common rooms of the student suites is prohibited. In addition, items may be attached to walls only with removable mounting putty, approved by the Office of Facilities; attaching items to walls by any other means is prohibited. Painting of entryways, hallways, entry doors to student rooms and suites, bathrooms, or any other part of a University residence building is prohibited. Fines for noncompliance or the actual cost of repair and repainting will be assessed by the Facilities Superintendent through Student Financial Services.
4. Trash. Fire regulations stipulate that rubbish containers may be placed only on the first floor of entryways on the Old Campus. In the residential colleges, trash and recycling must be placed in the basement trash rooms. Under no circumstances may students leave trash in entryways, hallways, stairways, or landings; students who do so will be assessed a fine of \$100 and will be charged for the removal of the trash.
5. Recyclables. Under city and state laws, students are required to recycle all newspapers, white office paper, corrugated cardboard, and glass and metal food and beverage containers in the designated recycling sites. A fine of \$100 plus removal fees will be assessed if students leave their recyclables in entryways, hallways, stairways, or landings.
6. Items in Entryways and Stairwells. No items of any kind may be stored or chained in the entryways, hallways, or corridors of any dormitory. Bicycles, mopeds, or motorcycles left in entryways will be removed without notice and stored at the owner's expense. A fine will be assessed.
7. Bicycles. Bicycles must be stored in designated areas during the academic year; bicycles left at the end of the academic year may be removed and discarded.
8. Use of Public Spaces. Organized activities may only take place on the Old Campus with permission of the Yale College Dean's Office or on the Cross Campus with the permission of the President's Office. Activities or games that may harm lawns are not allowed in college courtyards, except with express permission of the individual residential college heads. Activities involving oversized inflated balls (typically called Bladderball at Yale) are not permitted on University property.
9. Use of Grills. Grills may be used only by obtaining advance permission from Fire Code Compliance Services (203-432-9923), the appropriate residential college head,

and, in the case of the Old Campus, the Yale College Dean's Office. Propane grills or tanks may not be stored inside buildings under any circumstances.

10. **Hanging Items.** No items may be hung on the exterior of dormitories or other University buildings, windows, gates, fences, or structures, including but not limited to, flags, banners and signs. Exceptions may be made only by the Office of Facilities in concurrence with the residential college heads or other University officials for facilities under their control.
11. **Posters and Publicity.** All advertising of events and activities must be in accordance with University regulations governing poster and chalk announcements. (See Student Activities, section K, Posters, Chalking, and Publicity.)

I. GENERAL SECURITY

While the safety of members of the community and the protection of University and personal property are a common concern of all members of the Yale community, each student is responsible for his or her own safety. Each student should obtain and carefully read the pamphlet entitled "Public Safety at Yale University," published by the Yale Police Department and the University Security Department. Students are encouraged to read information on the Public Safety website.

The University particularly requests the cooperation of students in maintaining the security of the dormitories. Students should keep their own doors and entryways locked and their windows secured. They should report to the Yale Police Department (campus emergency number 911) any activity or the presence of any person that they think might constitute a threat to security. The Yale Police Department should be notified immediately in the event of a theft or of any other crime. Students are responsible for not compromising their own security or that of others. Among the actions which endanger the community and for which students may be subject to fines or disciplinary action by the Yale Police Department, the residential college head, or the Yale College Executive Committee are those concerning the following:

1. **College Gates and College, Dormitory, or Building Doors.** Students should never tamper with or prop open gates or doors and should obey security postings at all times, for their own safety and that of their fellow students.
2. **Security Systems or Devices.** Improper use of, tampering with, or vandalism of security systems or devices is forbidden.
3. **University Identification/Proximity Cards or Keys.** Students are not permitted to possess unauthorized identification/proximity cards or keys or to improperly give, lend, or duplicate these devices.

Students receive their identification/proximity cards and keys when they take occupancy of their rooms; in some cases they will also receive suite keys. In some cases a student will receive more than one room key. No keys will be issued except to the occupant of a given room, and that student is responsible for the return of all keys. Students living off campus will have identification/proximity cards giving them access to the residential college gates.

If keys to rooms, suites, or gates are lost, students will be charged a replacement fee of \$25 per key. If a student finds the lost key or keys within thirty days and returns it or them to the residential college head's office, the replacement charge will be canceled. If keys are found after thirty days and returned, half the replacement charge will be returned to the student. Ordinarily the University does not change locks when keys are lost unless a form of identification has also been lost.

All students must return all keys to the residential college head's office at the end of each academic year or when they withdraw from Yale College, take leave of absence, or move off campus. Failure to return keys at such times will result in a \$25 fine, half of which will be canceled if the keys are returned within thirty days of the student's departure. Subsequent return of keys will not reduce the amount of the fine. The identification/proximity card will be deactivated for all students at the end of each academic year, and it will be deactivated for departing students at the time of withdrawal or leave of absence.

When a student loses an identification/proximity card, he or she should immediately report the loss to the Yale Public Safety Central Alarm Station at 57 Lock St., 203-785-5555. Replacement cards are available from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, at the ID Card Center, 57 Lock Street. The replacement fee is \$20 for a lost or stolen card.

Other Services and Facilities

A. LIBRARY

The physical and digital collections of the Yale University Library, along with the library's numerous buildings and spaces for study and research, are among the University's greatest and most important academic assets. Students are encouraged to make full use of library collections and spaces, and to do so in a responsible manner that preserves them for future generations. Impairing library functions, failing to return library materials, removing or sequestering ("stashing") books without authorization, or damaging library materials diminishes the usefulness of the libraries and violates the rights of others. Unauthorized access to library electronic records and databases is also a violation; this includes tampering with such files as online circulation records, falsifying identification to enter restricted databases, and downloading electronic content in a manner that violates the Library's license agreements.

Library access and privileges are provided to all registered undergraduates. The University identification card is required to enter most libraries either at all times the library is open or during specified hours. The identification card also must be shown whenever library materials are borrowed. Library privileges are personal and individual; they may not be transferred, or used on behalf of another person.

The loan periods and fine policies in the many units that constitute the University Library vary from library to library, depending on the nature of the collections and the needs of users. The staff in each library is prepared to give assistance in the use of that library, and to explain its rules and regulations. Information about loan policies and fines is located at <http://www.library.yale.edu/circ/students.html>.

A list of the Library's regulations and security policies is found at <http://www.library.yale.edu/about/policies>.

For violations of the library regulations, the University Librarian or his or her delegate may suspend library privileges and/or impose fines, including charges for replacement of library materials and repair to damages. Suspension of library privileges may be imposed for part of a term or for a full term or more. In the case of serious or repeated infractions of library regulations, the University Librarian or his or her delegate may refer the matter to the Yale College Executive Committee with a request that further disciplinary action be taken. In addition to University discipline, students may be subject to criminal prosecution and/or civil liability for violating provisions of applicable law.

B. OFFICE OF CAREER STRATEGY

The Office of Career Strategy offers programs designed to enable students of Yale College to further their career goals. To provide services on an equitable basis, the Office of Career Strategy has established procedures and regulations. Violations of these standards, including renegeing on an internship or post-graduate job offer, may cause revocation of the privilege to use OCS programs, resources, and facilities.

Infractions may be referred by the director of the Office of Career Strategy, at his or her discretion, to the Yale College Executive Committee with a request that disciplinary action be taken. Infractions include, but are not limited to, the following: altering in any manner a transcript, associated documents, or test scores; renegeing on an accepted internship or full-time employment offer; signing up for an employment interview when not authorized to do so; purporting to be another person or utilizing a document of another person; and sequestering or removing materials without permission. Students are expected to keep appointments and to conform to norms of common courtesy.

C. TECHNOLOGY FACILITIES

Students using Yale's computer network are required to adhere to Yale's Information Technology Appropriate Use Policy. This policy requires the use of all computing devices (e.g. servers, personal computing devices, printers, networked devices of all types) be consistent with the principles and values that govern use of other University facilities and services. Yale's Appropriate Use Policy applies to all computing devices on the University network, including privately owned computing devices or computing devices not owned, managed, or maintained by Yale University. The appropriate use of technology includes refraining from injury or harassment of others, impersonation of others, unauthorized access of any computing systems, or violation of law. All University policies do apply, including ensuring the security of the devices students operate on the University's network.

Yale receives "takedown" notices for violations of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act (DMCA). Yale receives these notices in its capacity as an Internet Service Provider (ISP) when a user on the Yale network is observed illegally sharing or downloading copyrighted material online. The University procedures for handling these notices includes forwarding the notice to the alleged infringers, contacting the student's residential college dean, or restricting or removing access to Yale network resources. If you receive a copyright infringement notice or other correspondence from the

University in connection with alleged infringing activity, read the notice carefully and comply with University requests as soon as possible. In addition to any discipline imposed by Yale for these violations, illegal file sharing may result in legal action by the content owners.

Each technology facility has additional rules that govern its use. Copies of the relevant rules are available at the facilities. Students with authorized access to technology facilities are subject to the rules and should acquaint themselves with them. Violations may be punished by a suspension of the privilege of access to the facilities for a specified period of time or permanently. Such penalties may be summarily imposed by the director of the computer facilities in question or by the director's designee.

Once privileges are suspended, the director or the director's designee will so notify the student in writing, describing the evidentiary basis for the decision. A copy of this notice will also be sent to the student's residential college dean and to the chief information officer. A student who believes that he or she has been unjustly suspended from the use of technology facilities may appeal the director's decision to the Chief Information Officer.

In the case of serious or repeated infractions of the facility rules, the director of the facility or the director's designee may, at his or her discretion, refer the matter to the Yale College Executive Committee with a request that further disciplinary action be taken; infractions of the Undergraduate Regulations will be referred to the Yale College Executive Committee. In addition to University discipline, students may be subject to criminal prosecution and/or civil liability for violating provisions of applicable law.

Undergraduate Organizations

Organizations under the leadership of undergraduates enhance a student's education by providing additional opportunities beyond the curriculum for personal development and growth. Furthermore, the University and the community benefit from the variety of services and activities provided by undergraduate organizations. The University believes that students should be encouraged to participate in organizations that are open to all members of the community and whose activities do not interfere with the policies or programs of the University or with the rights of other members of the community. To that end, the Yale College Dean's Office helps students develop organizations and plan events, provides financial advice and assistance, clarifies University policies and procedures, and authorizes the use of University resources and facilities.

Undergraduate organizations are bound by the same regulations on Activities and Events and Alcohol that apply to individual students.

A. TYPES OF UNDERGRADUATE ORGANIZATIONS

Any group in which a majority of participants are undergraduates is considered to be an undergraduate organization. Such an organization that conducts meetings periodically, sponsors activities on the campus of Yale University, or that primarily provides a service for or by Yale undergraduates must register with the Yale College Dean's Office to receive Yale resources and privileges.

Groups with activities limited to, and affecting only, a single residential college (e.g., college councils, rooming committees) must register with the head of college's office of the appropriate residential college. Other groups within a residential college that sponsor extracurricular events open to the Yale community must register with the Yale College Dean's Office.

Club sports or groups that compete athletically must register with the Office of Club Sports in the Department of Athletics.

All religious organizations must have the approval of Yale's Chaplain's Office before their registration can be approved by the Yale College Dean's Office.

In order to qualify for registration as an undergraduate organization, the group must have five members who are registered undergraduates, and a majority of its members must be undergraduates. All administrative, policy, and managerial decisions must reside in the hands of currently enrolled undergraduates.

B. RESPONSIBILITIES OF UNDERGRADUATE ORGANIZATIONS

All student organizations – whether registered or unregistered, operating on or off campus – must abide by the Undergraduate Regulations. Organizations and their officers and members assume responsibilities, including the responsibility to be aware of and abide by the Undergraduate Regulations, as set forth in this text and as they may be revised from time to time.

A student who is believed to have violated University policy or state or federal law (including but not limited to hazing, sexual misconduct, or theft) in the course of working for or participating in the activities of an undergraduate organization may be brought before the Yale College Executive Committee or the University-Wide Committee on Sexual Misconduct (UWC), as appropriate, for possible disciplinary action, and/or referred to appropriate civil authorities.

Organizations must fulfill the training requirements set by the Yale College Dean's Office annually. Failure to comply with training requirements will result in loss of registered status.

Student organizations must operate in accordance with Yale policies on equal opportunity, which state, "...Yale does not discriminate in admissions, educational programs, or employment against any individual on account of that individual's sex, race, color, religion, age, disability, status as a protected veteran, or national or ethnic origin; nor does Yale discriminate on the basis of sexual orientation or gender identity or expression." As part of an undergraduate organization's obligation to abide by these policies, the organization is responsible for making reasonable accommodations to assist students with disabilities who indicate that they wish to participate in the organization's activities or attend one of its events. The University's Office for Equal Opportunity Programs, 221 Whitney Avenue, and the director of the Resource Office on Disabilities, 35 Broadway (rear entrance), room 222, are available to help organizations with these efforts.

Undergraduate organizations must operate on a non-profit basis. See section G, Finances and Record Keeping.

C. REGISTRATION OF UNDERGRADUATE ORGANIZATIONS

Any undergraduate organization that conducts meetings periodically or sponsors activities on the campus of Yale University, that provides a service, or that raises funds within the University for charitable purposes must submit an online application for registration or register with the Yale College Dean's Office each year. Registration is an annual requirement. Once approved, an organization's registration remains valid until registration closes in the following academic year.

The procedures for registering undergraduate organizations are outlined in detail here and also on the Student Organizations website. Registration requirements protect the University's tax-exempt status and are designed to ensure that the purpose and activities of the organizations are consistent with the established purposes of the University. Registration is further required because activities of student organizations frequently appear to involve identification with the University; however, registration does not imply official approval by the University of the activities of any undergraduate organization, nor does it indicate any responsibility for them. Registered student organizations are responsible for following all policies posted on the Student Organizations website.

Organizations that are established for the purpose of selling or renting items or paying students cannot be registered student organizations, but they may be able to operate as Associated Student Agencies. Students who wish to form such an agency should consult with the business manager of the Associated Student Agencies, 246 Church Street.

Procedure for Annual Registration. All undergraduate organizations, whether returning or new, are expected each academic year to submit an online application for registration through Yale Connect by September 12 to register in the fall term, or by February 1 in the spring term. Organizations that miss these deadlines must wait until the following semester to register. Returning organizations will apply using the renewal feature in Yale Connect to register their organizations. New organizations are required to submit an 'Intent to Register' application by the registration deadline. All approved applications must go through the new group registration process. See the Student Organizations website for more information.

Training. After an organization's registration is approved, at least one officer is required to attend the fall training sponsored by the Yale College Dean's Office. New organizations will additionally be required to complete two semesters of initial training before a final review by Student Organizations Review Committee, a process explained in detail on the Student Organizations website.

The online registration form requires, among other things, a description of the purposes of the organization, a constitution, and the identification of officers or other leaders. Additionally, each group must have at least 5 members prior to registration. A complete list of members and officers is required and must be up to date in an organization's Yale Connect portal. New organizations are not required to provide a constitution until the end of their year of initial on-boarding. More information about the initial on-boarding is available on the Student Organizations website.

Registration is ordinarily valid for one academic year; it remains valid until registration closes in the following year so that student groups may reserve University facilities

or apply for funding at the beginning of the subsequent academic year. However, if a student organization wishes to change its activities from those outlined in its registration documents or alter aspects of the organization described in the registration agreements, then the organization must update its information online for review and approval. Further online changes to group records are permitted only after the current changes have been reviewed. To ensure full access to group records for annual registration purposes and to ensure that online communications to the organization can be delivered promptly, officer term dates (begin/end) must remain valid. Yale Connect will not grant access to any officer whose term of office has expired.

Umbrella organizations are expected to maintain up-to-date registration requirements for all of their affiliated organizations, including a roster of members and officers, and a constitution. Each umbrella organization may choose from the following options how maintain these requirements:

- The larger umbrella organization maintains the registration requirements, including a roster of members and officers, for all affiliated organizations, along with a constitution that applies to all organizations beneath it
- All organizations that fall beneath the umbrella organization maintain their own registration requirements, including rosters of members and officers, and their own constitutions
- Some combination of the above

Registration Approval. A group's registration is confirmed by a formal communication of registration approval from the Yale College Dean's Office. The status of an organization may be verified on the Official List of Registered Undergraduate Organizations.

Revocation or Suspension of Registration. The Office of Student Affairs may revoke or suspend the registration of any undergraduate organization that has not abided by the Undergraduate Regulations or by the organization's registration and related agreements. Failure by a student organization or its officers or designated representatives to meet the financial obligations of the organization in a timely manner can also result in the suspension or revocation of registration. Any request for reinstatement should be addressed to the Office of Student Affairs at the Yale College Dean's Office.

D. PRIVILEGES OF UNDERGRADUATE ORGANIZATIONS

Subject to availability and in some cases payment of rental fees, registration allows undergraduate organizations to:

- Use classrooms and certain other University facilities or properties for programs, rehearsals, performances, and meetings, including conferences or other campus events;
- Request funding* from the Undergraduate Organizations Funding Committee (UOFC);
- Request funding* from the Dean's Discretionary Funds;
- Request office space** or storage space on campus;
- Participate in the Student Activities Bazaar during First-Year Orientation;

- Petition for permission to use the Yale name;
- Purchase some goods and services from the University;
- Accept gifts from alumni and other donors for the current use of the undergraduate organization, when the solicitation for that donation was approved in the manner described in section H;
- Request the use of theater and rehearsal spaces;
- Be covered by Yale's liability insurance and automobile insurance when traveling on official group business;
- Provide proof of insurance coverage for organizations meeting or performing beyond the Yale campus;
- Receive contract review from the Procurement office and guidance from the Risk Management office;
- Apply for a Yale website (yalesites.yale.edu);
- Request a group @yale.edu email address.

* New organizations are eligible for limited funding during their year of initial training.

** Organizations that have existed for fewer than two full academic years will ordinarily not be considered eligible for the use of an office.

E. OFFICERS, MEMBERS, AND ADVISERS

Officers. Only currently registered students in good standing in Yale College can hold office or act officially on behalf of an organization in any way. Officers should be aware that they are financially and legally responsible for the organization during their terms of service and can be held responsible by Yale for infractions committed by their organizations. Officers must be listed in their organization's Yale Connect portal with up-to-date information, including term dates.

A student on probation may not hold leadership or officer positions in any registered Yale College student organization, any varsity athletic team or club sport, or any other organization that receives University funds. Additional terms of probation may be enforced by the Executive Committee or the UWC in individual cases.

Members. All registered students, faculty, and staff of Yale University can be active (voting) members of an undergraduate organization as long as Yale College students constitute a majority of the membership. A complete roster of members is required of all organizations and must be kept up to date in an organization's Yale Connect portal.

Although the functioning of registered student organizations must be confined to and controlled by their active membership, organizations may invite others to attend or participate in events of general interest.

Withdrawn students, alumni, and students on a leave of absence or a Year or Term Abroad are not considered registered students and may not participate in the activities of any undergraduate organization.

For organizations in which special talents or skills are required, including but not limited to application and audition-based organizations, the standards used to select members must be related to the needs of the organization, and public announcements about auditions or competitions should be made to ensure that interested students are

informed about the opportunities to be considered for membership in the organization. The information must be outlined clearly in the organization's constitution and must include a timeline of the process. The criteria must be skills based and must operate in accordance with Yale's policies on equal opportunity.

Exceptions to the restrictions on participation by alumni, withdrawn students, and other non-enrolled individuals must be approved by the Yale College Dean's Office. Requests for exceptions should be sent to the Office of Student Affairs at student.organizations@yale.edu.

Advisers. To assist in providing continuity from year to year, organizations are encouraged to have a Yale staff or faculty member as an adviser. Organizations must keep their information about their advisers up to date in their Yale Connect portal.

F. FINANCES AND RECORD KEEPING

Financial Responsibility. Each undergraduate organization is fully responsible for its own finances. Officers should be aware that they are personally responsible for the payment of debts incurred during the period for which they are responsible for the organization. Any financial difficulties of an undergraduate organization should be discussed as early as possible with the assistant dean of student affairs, Hannah Peck, who may be able to assist or advise the organization.

Financial Records and Reports. A record of all income and expenses and supporting documentation is to be maintained at all times and must be submitted to the Yale College Dean's Office by way of the end-of-semester survey. Each registered undergraduate organization is fully responsible for its own finances. These responsibilities include the maintenance of original receipts and account reconciliation. Financial records and reports may be audited by the University at any time. Heads of college may require similar or more extensive reporting for organizations operating essentially from a particular residential college. Incorporated student organizations are advised to consult with the Internal Revenue Service for specific information regarding tax obligations and responsibilities.

Unused funds. The balance of unused funds for an event must be returned to the original funding source within three weeks of the date of the event.

Nonprofit Status. All undergraduate organizations are to be operated exclusively on a nonprofit basis. If it becomes necessary for the organization to incorporate as a nonprofit with the IRS, this action is to be undertaken after consultation with the assistant dean of student affairs, Hannah Peck. Any undergraduate organization that incorporates must do so strictly on a nonprofit basis and in a manner that perpetuates its undergraduate status.

Profits and Wages. The overwhelming majority of students involved with undergraduate organizations receive no compensation for their contributions. While the Yale College Dean's Office and the Committee on Undergraduate Organizations applaud and prefer such volunteerism, permission for students to be paid for services they perform has occasionally been granted to a few organizations. Organizations wishing to pay wages to any students must receive advance written approval to do so from the assistant dean of student affairs, Hannah Peck.

Undergraduate organizations, as tax-exempt entities, are prohibited from being profit-making operations. Thus the “profits” or earnings of an undergraduate organization may not be paid to or divided among student members, officers, or other leaders. In that connection, wages or payments to students for their work with student organizations cannot be awarded in a way that would be a disguise for what is really a division of profits. Therefore, all students permitted to earn wages for their work with an undergraduate organization must be hired through the Yale College Dean’s Office and paid according to the prevailing rates and regulations of the Student Employment Office.

G. FUND-RAISING

Funding by the Undergraduate Organizations Funding Committee (UOFC). Funds have been provided to the UOFC for disbursement to registered undergraduate organizations. Organizations should be aware that rarely is an entire request funded and that the committee does not provide funding for off-campus travel. A copy of the committee’s guidelines and links to the forms for applying for funding are available online on the UOFC’s website (<https://www.ycc.yale.edu/about-uofc>). Organizations in their year of initial training will have limited access to UOFC funds.

Funding from the Dean’s Discretionary Fund. Registered undergraduate organizations may request funding from the Dean’s Discretionary Fund. Such funding is limited and it is not typically granted for routine, yearly activities. Applications may be found online via Yale Connect. Applications must include a budget showing all expected income and expenses, and if funding is granted, receipts must be submitted at the conclusion of the event to verify that the money was spent in a manner consistent with the application.

Raising Funds outside the University. Undergraduate organizations are encouraged to seek funds from a variety of sources, including reasonable membership dues; donations at concerts, speeches, or other events; and advertisements in publications. Fund-raising activities are permissible only to the extent that they are needed to support the activities of the organization, since each organization is operated on a nonprofit basis.

Honoraria. Many distinguished visitors speak and perform at Yale without receiving compensation for their services. Occasionally it is necessary to pay an honorarium to certain speakers. The UOC does not provide funding for honoraria, but such funds may be obtained from other sources at Yale. Generally, student groups do not pay a single speaker more than \$3,500.

H. USE OF THE YALE NAME AND REPRESENTATION OF THE UNIVERSITY

Use of the Yale name and trademarks. The Yale name and marks associated with the University are protected by trademark law and governed by Yale Trademark Licensing. Any use by undergraduates of the Yale name or trademarks in the title or caption of a publication or an organization or the like, on any promotional materials, or on any item or product to be manufactured, distributed, or sold by an individual or an organization, must be approved by the secretary of the University or the secretary’s duly authorized agents, and under such restrictions and explanations as they may impose or require. Student groups may not use the Yale name to incorporate or to apply for 501(c)(3) status.

Groups may request to include the Yale name in their title or visual identity through their annual registration with the Yale College Dean's Office or by submitting a request for a name change via Yale Connect. Approval to use the Yale name is not final until the organization has received a memo confirming the privilege. Permission to continue to use the Yale name is contingent upon maintaining these requirements and conforming to the regulations applicable to the organization. Permission is automatically revoked if an organization fails to register each year. Upon subsequent registration, the organization must reapply for permission to use the Yale name.

No student organization may reproduce a stylized version of the Yale name and/or use any University marks in its literature, on a website, on its stationery, or in other media without prior written approval. The full name of the organization, including any subtitle, must be included on all materials, including but not limited to agreements, stationery, posters, websites, business cards, and merchandise whenever the organization includes the Yale name to identify itself. The only exception is a group's bank account and bank checks which, for tax purposes, must not include the Yale name.

Guidelines and requirements are available from the office of Yale Trademark Licensing.

Students may not create or use non-Yale email addresses with the word Yale in it, but should instead request a Yale email address by following the instructions outlined on the Student Organizations website.

Representation of the University. No undergraduate organization shall purport to represent the views or opinions of Yale University or Yale College in the context of any publication, web page, radio, television, or Web broadcast or public forum.

I. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INSURANCE

Most registered undergraduate organizations are covered by a general liability insurance policy purchased by the University for their events, providing there is full compliance with all rules and regulations governing undergraduate organizations. Fraternities and sororities are not covered, and they, and affiliates of other national organizations, are expected to receive primary insurance coverage from their national organization. External vendors or private agents contracted for services as part of a conference or other major campus event are also expected to submit proof of liability insurance in the form of a certificate of insurance. This insurance must indicate that Yale University is named as an additional insured. Further details about insurance coverage or requirements can be obtained from the Office of Enterprise Risk Management, 2 Whitney Avenue, 6th floor, or from its website, [Office of Enterprise Risk Management website](#).

Students driving University-owned vehicles, or rented vehicles paid for by University funds, and being driven for official registered organization activity, are covered by the University's automobile insurance policy, if the drivers have a clean driving record and have taken and passed the online training course offered by the Office of Enterprise Risk Management. There is no insurance provided for any driver who has not passed this class; students who have not passed it should not be driving any University-owned or rented vehicle. Details on Driver Safety Awareness can be found at <http://>

ogc.yale.edu/training-courses. In the event of an accident, the registered organization will be expected to cover any applicable deductibles.

Students driving their own automobiles for group activities must have a clean driving record and be properly insured, and the vehicle must be properly maintained. The use of twelve- or fifteen-passenger vans is prohibited.

J. OUTSIDE VENDORS AND CONTRACTS

Contracts between individual students or student organizations and outside vendors/contractors must be reviewed and signed by Yale's Procurement Office. Ordinarily, student organizations may not sign contracts, unless said organization has incorporated as a nonprofit with the IRS. Students seeking for their contracts to be signed should email student.organizations@yale.edu.

All vendors hired by registered organizations (including, but not limited to, performers, caterers, and equipment rental companies) must provide proof of \$2 million in liability insurance prior to performing any work or providing any service. Yale University must be named as an additional insured. The Office of Enterprise Risk Management can recommend a method of obtaining the proper insurance if an outside vendor does not carry it. Details can be found at <http://ogc.yale.edu/erm/resources/registered-student-organizations>.

K. ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS

Certain organizations have additional guidelines or legal requirements.

1. Musical Ensembles, Singing Groups, and Theater Groups. Undergraduate organizations using sheet music, scores, or scripts should be aware of federal copyright laws, including laws governing photocopying.
2. Publications. Each issue of every publication of an undergraduate organization must include a publication notice on the cover page or the page containing the table of contents stating that "This magazine" – or "periodical" or "newspaper," as the case may be – "is published by Yale College students, and Yale University is not responsible for its contents." For online publications, this notice must be prominently displayed on the organization's home page and on each discrete publication. In keeping with the requirement that administrative, policy, and managerial decisions are to be in the hands of undergraduates, decisions about the contents of each periodical, the editorial policy, and the business policies and practices are to be controlled by enrolled Yale College students.
3. Distinguished Visitors and Controversial Speakers. In order to ensure that appropriate courtesies are extended to distinguished visitors and in some cases to arrange other engagements or security for these visitors when they are on campus, an undergraduate organization that wishes to invite a head of state (past or present), cabinet member, ambassador, or other dignitary of similar rank to visit Yale must, at least a month in advance of the visitor's arrival, inform the Yale College Dean's Office, by writing to student.affairs@yale.edu, and apprise it of the visitor's proposed schedule while on campus. Similarly, the Yale College Dean's Office must be notified, at student.affairs@yale.edu, when controversial speakers are invited to Yale. Such speakers include those who have engendered protests or public demonstrations in other venues. Undergraduates are responsible for paying

for security that the University deems appropriate for such visitors, and as a result, groups are encouraged to seek funding from non-University sources to pay such expenses. The University reserves the right to cancel the invitation to any speaker if it deems that there is inadequate time to prepare for the event.

4. **Travel Abroad.** Members of undergraduate organizations planning to go abroad should consult the Yale International Toolkit for information about health and safety abroad, travel warnings issued by the U.S. Department of State for specific countries or regions, and steps to be taken prior to travel. Undergraduate organizations are additionally required to register their travel at <http://world-toolkit.yale.edu/yale-travel-registry-instructions>. Visa requirements for non-U.S. citizens traveling outside the U.S. may be different from those pertaining to U.S. citizens. Foreign students may be responsible for obtaining such visas on their own.
5. **Events Involving Minors.** Undergraduate organizations organizing or participating in activities that involve minors must register with Yale Programs for Children and Youth (<http://programs-minors.yale.edu/program-registration-form>). Additionally, such organizations are charged with following all of Yale's policies and procedures for Programs for Children and Youth (<http://programs-minors.yale.edu/>).

Offenses

Among the offenses that are subject to disciplinary action are the following:

A. ACADEMIC DISHONESTY

Cheating on examinations; plagiarism; unauthorized sharing of materials, answers, or sources; improper acknowledgment of sources in essays; the use of a single essay in more than one course except in academically appropriate circumstances and with the prior explicit permission of the instructors; and other means by which a student may create, submit, or take credit for work that is not the student's own. (See Academic Integrity.)

B. FALSIFICATION OF DOCUMENTS

Forging, altering, misrepresenting, or otherwise falsifying any transcript, academic record, identification card, or other document or communication. (See also Office of Career Strategy; Library.)

C. ACTS OF VIOLENCE OR PHYSICAL FORCE

Physical restriction, assault, or any other act of violence or use of physical force against any member of the community, or any act that threatens the use of violence or physical force. The implied or express consent of the person against whom such violence or force is used will not be considered a defense.

D. SEXUAL MISCONDUCT, INCLUDING SEXUAL HARASSMENT

Any sexual activity for which positive, unambiguous, and voluntary consent has not been given in advance; any sexual activity with someone who is incapable of giving valid consent because, for example, she or he is sleeping or otherwise incapacitated due to alcohol or drugs; any act of sexual harassment, intimate partner violence, or stalking. Sexual misconduct includes nonphysical actions such as digital media stalking, cyberbullying, and nonconsensual recording of a sexual nature. Sexual harassment consists of nonconsensual sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, or other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature.

For a fuller description of sexual misconduct, sexual consent, and sexual harassment see the Sexual Misconduct Response & Prevention website. Sexual misconduct violations shall be addressed by the University-Wide Committee on Sexual Misconduct (UWC) and governed by its procedures.

E. HARASSMENT, INTIMIDATION, OR COERCION

Acts of harassment, intimidation, or coercion, including discriminatory harassment on the basis of sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, race, color, religion, age, disability, status as a protected veteran, or national or ethnic origin.

F. INTERFERENCE WITH UNIVERSITY FUNCTIONS

Participation in any effort to prevent or disrupt a class or other University function, or to seize or occupy any University building or part thereof, or to violate the right of an audience to listen at a University function. (See Free Expression.)

G. RIOTS

Participation in or attendance at riots or mass disturbances on the city streets or on any area of the campus.

H. DEFIANCE OF AUTHORITY

Defiance or belligerence toward or lying to a University official (including, but not limited to, faculty members, administrators, and police officers) who, in their professional capacity, asks for information or identification, or issues an order. Students are expected to carry University identification cards at all times and must identify themselves to University officials upon request. It is understood that University officials will identify themselves before making such a request.

I. MISCONDUCT DURING A FORMAL CONDUCT PROCESS OR HEARING

Deliberate and knowing misrepresentation, lying, defiance, or belligerence during a formal conduct process or hearing conducted by University authorities.

J. MISREPRESENTATION

Knowingly and deliberately supplying false information to a faculty member or other University official to gain an accommodation, privilege, or other benefit. This includes, but is not limited to, knowingly and deliberately supplying false information in an application for financial aid from the University or processed by the University.

K. WEAPONS AND EXPLOSIVES

The possession or use of explosives, incendiary materials, or weapons (weapons include, but are not limited to, guns, firearms, shotguns, rifles, air rifles, paintball and pellet guns, BB guns, Tasers, and knives) by any Yale student, which is absolutely prohibited on campus, in areas surrounding the campus, or in off-campus housing. Students participating in club sports or in any other recreational or sporting activities involving the use of firearms must adhere to this prohibition and to the protocols established by the University with respect to the possession, use, storage, and transportation of any firearms (see Sporting Firearms in the Club Sports Handbook).

L. ALCOHOL

The unlawful possession, use, purchase, or distribution of alcohol on University property or as part of any University activity.

M. DRUGS

The unlawful possession, use, purchase, or distribution of illicit drugs or controlled substances (including stimulants, depressants, narcotics, or hallucinogenic drugs); the misuse of prescription drugs, including sharing, procuring, buying, or using in a manner different from the prescribed use, or by someone other than the person for whom they were prescribed.

N. THEFT AND WILLFUL PROPERTY DAMAGE

Obtaining or exerting unauthorized control over the property of others, or the destruction of, or damage to, the property of others.

O. TRESPASSING

Presence in University buildings, steam tunnels, or on University property at times or places where such presence is prohibited, as, for example, when a building, facility, or room is locked and permission to enter has not been given. (See also Restricted Areas.)

P. OFFENSES COMPROMISING CAMPUS FIRE SAFETY

Deliberate and unnecessary activation of fire alarms; tampering with fire alarms or smoke detectors; deliberate and unnecessary discharge of fire extinguishers; deliberate or reckless starting of unauthorized fires; and other conduct creating a risk to persons or property from fire or smoke. (See Fire alarms, Fire Extinguishers, and Smoke Detectors and Sprinkler Systems.)

Q. OFFENSES COMPROMISING CAMPUS SECURITY

Improper use of, tampering with, or vandalism of security systems or devices; unauthorized possession or duplication of University identification/proximity cards or keys; unauthorized propping open of, or tampering with, doors or gates, or actions in disregard of security postings. (See also General security.)

R. UNAUTHORIZED USE OF SERVICES OR FACILITIES

Unauthorized, unlawful, or fraudulent use of services or facilities. (See also Other Services and Facilities.)

S. LIBRARY OFFENSES

Unauthorized removal, stashing or sequestering, defacing, mutilating, or theft of library materials, or willful and repeated failure to respond to recall notices. (See also Library.)

T. OFFENSES COMPROMISING COURSE MATERIALS

Recording lectures without explicit permission of the lecturer, or selling or distributing for commercial purposes notes, transcriptions, or outlines of class lectures, or any course materials, in any course of instruction.

U. VIOLATION OF THE REGULATIONS ON ALCOHOL OR SOCIAL FUNCTIONS

Violation of the regulations on social functions or the Yale College regulations on alcoholic beverages. (See Activities and Events and Alcohol.)

V. HAZING

Because it violates our community values and standards, Yale College prohibits all acts of hazing. Hazing includes any action that violates Connecticut hazing law (CT General Statute, Section 53-23a, Hazing) as well as additional violations spelled out in these regulations.

In addition to Connecticut law, Yale College defines hazing to include initiation or affiliation activities that intentionally or recklessly endanger physical or mental health; that intimidate, denigrate, or humiliate persons pledging or seeking membership, or seeking to retain membership, in a registered or unregistered student organization or on an athletic team; or that intimidate, denigrate, or humiliate third parties who are witness to or subject to such activities. Blindfolding or physically restraining

another individual, with or without that person's consent, falls within the Yale College definition of hazing.

Hazing is an offense whether it occurs on or off campus. The Executive Committee will not consider the implied or express consent of the person being hazed as a defense; nor will it consider the use of alcohol or drugs as a mitigating factor. To the contrary, in the context of hazing, the use of alcohol or drugs by any participants may be considered an express attempt to impair judgment, likely contributing to reckless behavior. Because hazing is an organizational activity, the organization, its officers, and responsible members will be held accountable for hazing violations.

Where harm occurs or the potential for harm exists to any person or persons as a result of hazing by members of a student group, the hosts of the event as well as the individuals directly involved and the officers of the organization (or their equivalent) can be held personally responsible. With respect to possible disciplinary action against all such persons, the Executive Committee may consider as mitigating factors their efforts to prevent the harmful or potentially harmful situation, as well as their cooperation with the Executive Committee's investigation of the situation.

Student organizations include but are not limited to athletic clubs, varsity teams, fraternities, sororities, musical groups, junior and senior societies, drama groups, comedy groups, political groups, cultural houses, tour guides, student government organizations, and residential colleges.

W. SPECIAL PROVISIONS CONCERNING STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS

1. **Conduct Off Campus.** Conduct occurring off campus is a violation of these regulations if the conduct, had it occurred on campus, would be a violation of section C, "Acts of violence or physical force," section D, "Sexual misconduct, including sexual harassment," section L, "Alcohol," or section M, "Drugs." In addition, as provided in General Conduct and Discipline, any conduct occurring off campus that imperils the integrity and values of the University community may result in disciplinary action.
2. **Responsibility for Events.** If any violations of sections L, "Alcohol," or M, "Drugs," occur at an event, or in connection with an event, where alcohol is served or permitted to be consumed, and which is held, sponsored, or supported by a fraternity or other registered or unregistered student organization (either on campus or off campus under the circumstances specified in subsection above), and the individual or individuals directly responsible for the violations are not identified, the host or hosts of the event or the organization responsible for the event will be held responsible for the violations. If the hosts are also not identified, the officers of the organization will be held personally responsible for the violations. The Executive Committee may consider the efforts made by the hosts or officers to prevent such violations, and their cooperation with the investigation of the violations, as mitigating factors with respect to the penalty for the violations.

Procedures

- The Disciplinary Procedures of the Executive Committee of Yale College
- Emergency and Administrative Suspensions
- Student Complaints
- The University Tribunal

The Disciplinary Procedures of the Executive Committee of Yale College

The Yale College Executive Committee is responsible for the fair, consistent, and uniform enforcement of the Undergraduate Regulations, the disciplinary rules governing students in Yale College. It receives reports of alleged infractions of those regulations whether academic or nonacademic. Its jurisdiction also includes other actions on the part of undergraduates that may in the judgment of the committee warrant disciplinary action because these actions may imperil the integrity and values of the academic community or the safety of its members. The Executive Committee may assign penalties as provided in the Undergraduate Regulations, though in some cases authority is delegated to other University officials such as the heads of the residential colleges, the University Librarian, the directors of the Yale computer facilities, and the Executive Director of Yale Dining, who may summarily impose certain penalties for violations of dormitory, library, computer facility, and dining services regulations. Violations of sexual misconduct policies are addressed by the University-Wide Committee on Sexual Misconduct (UWC), which has authority to recommend penalties to the dean of Yale College.

As an institution, the Executive Committee is responsible to the Yale College Faculty and ultimately to the University. The committee is charged with protecting the Yale College community so as to ensure the integrity of academic instruction, the physical security of students, and the preservation of the property and educational resources of the University. The committee is bound at all times to consider the manner in which its actions and decisions may affect the persons and groups—faculty, student body, administration, and staff—whose activities carry and foster the intellectual and residential life of Yale College.

A. COMPOSITION OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

1. The Executive Committee of Yale College is appointed by the dean of Yale College. The committee shall have no less than twenty regular voting members, with a minimum of eight members of the Yale College faculty and a minimum of ten undergraduate students. At least four of the eight faculty members should be tenured. Yale College deans or senior staff may also be appointed to the committee. Should an occasion arise when, as a result of the conflict-of-interest provisions of these procedures or other unavailability of members, a quorum cannot be gathered from regular voting members, the dean of Yale College shall appoint a member or members from the faculty, deans or senior staff, and undergraduate student body ad hoc to participate in the business then before the committee.
2. In addition to the regular voting members there shall be three officers of the Executive Committee who are also members: chair, vice-chair, and secretary. They

shall be appointed annually by the dean of Yale College and shall be charged with particular responsibilities.

- a. The chair shall be either a tenured member of the Yale College Faculty or an associate dean of Yale College. The chair shall coordinate all activities of the committee, shall preside at meetings or designate the vice-chair to preside, shall organize the conduct of meetings or designate the vice-chair to do so. The chair shall be the person who communicates on behalf of the Executive Committee to the Yale College Faculty. In hearings, the chair or vice chair, whichever of the two is presiding, shall vote as a regular voting member.
 - b. The vice-chair shall be either a tenured member of the Yale College Faculty or an associate dean of Yale College. The vice-chair will assist the chair in the coordination of committee activities and will preside at meetings when designated by the chair.
 - c. The secretary shall normally be an assistant or associate dean of Yale College. This person shall assist the chair in the daily details of committee business, keep the records relating to committee business, handle official correspondence on behalf of the committee, and help ensure that all required procedural steps have been taken by the committee. The secretary shall attend all hearings and shall vote only to break a tie.
 - d. The chair, vice-chair, and secretary shall constitute the Coordinating Group of the Executive Committee. In the absence of one of the three officers, the remaining officers, along with the assistant secretary, shall constitute the Coordinating Group. The Coordinating Group shall prepare and organize all matters coming before the Executive Committee.
3. In evaluating allegations of misconduct, the Executive Committee may request the assistance of an adviser who has knowledge of a particular subject matter or issue in question, and a factfinder, who is responsible for gathering any relevant facts. Advisers and factfinders will produce a written report to the committee, detailing the results of any investigation or analysis and any opinions reached. The report will be provided to the voting members and responding student(s) prior to any hearing. When practical, advisers and factfinders will attend the hearing and be available to answer questions regarding the report and any opinions presented.
- a. An adviser is a member of the Yale College Faculty who assists the work of the Executive Committee as an expert in a particular academic field. Advisers may be appointed either annually or ad hoc by the dean of Yale College.
 - b. In complex cases – usually involving multiple parties – the chair or secretary may request the dean of Yale College to appoint a factfinder to conduct an investigation of the incident(s). The factfinder may be a member of the Yale College Faculty, a staff member, or an investigator engaged by the university for the purpose of conducting the investigation.
4. Each student conduct hearing will be conducted by a panel drawn from the membership of the Executive Committee. A hearing panel shall have six members: the chair or vice-chair, the secretary (or designate), two faculty, dean, or director members, and two student members. The presence of five of these members shall constitute a quorum, provided that at least two student members, the chair, and the secretary are present. A majority vote shall decide questions before the hearing panel.

5. There shall be a Committee of Review which in circumstances described below (See section C.7) may review decisions of the Executive Committee.

B. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Concerns regarding undergraduate student conduct that may violate the *Undergraduate Regulations*, academic or nonacademic, shall initially be referred to the secretary of the Executive Committee or to the chair. A report should be made in writing and should detail the conduct in question and provide all available and relevant evidence.

1. Reports of possible Academic Offenses
 - a. A member of the faculty finding evidence of academic dishonesty on a class assignment or examination will bring the matter to the secretary of the Executive Committee. The faculty member must provide a written statement explaining, in detail, the reason for concern about the integrity of the examination or assignment. The faculty member will also be expected to provide copies of the student work that allegedly violates the regulations, copies of the relevant examination or assignment prompt, and any apparent source materials or other relevant evidence. The secretary will keep the faculty member apprised of major developments in the case and may ask the faculty member to respond to student statements or other issues that may arise.
 - b. If a student becomes aware of an instance of possible academic dishonesty, they should report the matter to the instructor. If this procedure is not feasible, the student may report the matter to the chair of the department or their residential college dean. The department chair or residential college dean will then inform the instructor about the report (without identifying the reporting student) and seek the instructor's input on the matter.
2. Reports of possible Nonacademic Offenses
 - a. Any member of the faculty, residential college head, residential college dean, or member of the University administration or staff may bring an alleged infraction to the attention of the secretary of the Executive Committee.
 - b. An undergraduate student may bring a report of a nonacademic infraction to the attention of the secretary only in conjunction with their residential college head, residential college dean, a member of the Yale College Dean's Office, a member of the President's Committee on Racial and Ethnic Harassment, or the Yale Police Department.
 - c. In addition, the Coordinating Group shall review reports of student misconduct lodged by the Yale Police Department. The Coordinating Group shall take note of conduct in the reports that may be in violation of the *Undergraduate Regulations* and appears to warrant action by the Executive Committee and shall refer the student(s) for action under section 3 immediately below.
3. Initial Disposition and Referral of Reports. Each week the Coordinating Group shall review all reports received by the secretary and shall make one of the following judgments in regard to each report:
 - a. Reports for which sufficient information is available and which, if substantiated, would constitute a violation of the *Undergraduate Regulations* shall be submitted to the Executive Committee, unless withdrawn as provided below in section E.2.

- b. If there is a need to locate documents, inquire further into matters of fact, or pursue additional information before an informed decision may be made by the Coordinating Group, the secretary shall make preliminary inquiries. When deemed necessary, the chair or secretary shall request that a factfinder be appointed to conduct an investigation. In cases of alleged academic offenses, it remains the responsibility of the faculty member to furnish copies of any relevant source materials.
- c. If, after an investigation or at any time during the disciplinary process, the Coordinating Group determines that there is insufficient information to reach a conclusion or that the act does not amount to a violation of the Undergraduate Regulations, the Coordinating Group will close the matter.
- d. Reports that should have been directed to an administrative official, such as infractions of housing, library, or dining services regulations, shall be referred to the proper authority.
- e. Reports that appear to involve sexual misconduct shall be referred to the secretary of the University-Wide Committee on Sexual Misconduct (UWC). In complex cases that combine allegations of sexual misconduct and other offenses, the chair of the Executive Committee and the chair of the UWC shall consult pursuant to the provisions of the procedures of the UWC.
- f. See section E for reports concerning alleged acts of violence or physical force, harassment, intimidation, or coercion.

C. PROCEDURES FOR CONSIDERATION OF A MATTER BY THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

1. Notification of the Student. If the Coordinating Group decides that a report is to be referred to the Executive Committee for a hearing, the secretary shall, in writing, notify the student or students of this fact and specify the regulation that has been allegedly violated. The notification shall include a copy of the report that provides the basis for the allegation of misconduct. The secretary will also provide to the student a list of the membership of the Executive Committee and a copy of these procedures, including the summary for students appearing before a hearing panel of the committee. (See section I.) The secretary shall simultaneously inform the relevant residential college head(s) and residential college dean(s) of the allegation. The student and their residential college dean should review information relevant to the proceedings. The chair or secretary can familiarize the student and the student's adviser with practical as well as procedural aspects of the hearing process, so that the student can be as well prepared and comfortable as possible in meeting with the hearing panel.
2. The Adviser to the Student. The student may choose an adviser. The adviser is not an advocate, but rather a source of personal and moral support to the student. The adviser should aid the student in preparing to appear before the Executive Committee. The adviser should also accompany the student to the committee meeting and counsel him or her. During the meeting the adviser may unobtrusively suggest questions or issues for the student to raise with the committee. The adviser may not participate directly in the proceedings except for making a brief concluding statement if the student so desires.

- a. The student's residential college dean will ordinarily serve as their adviser. The student may select an alternative adviser in situations where the college dean is unavailable, or the student feels another adviser would be more appropriate. That adviser may be the residential college head, another residential college dean, a college adviser, a Yale College faculty member, a Yale College administrator, a coach, or any other faculty or staff member of the University who is not a member of the Executive Committee or the Office of the University General Counsel. Should a student find themselves unable to identify an appropriate adviser, the secretary of the Executive Committee shall assist the student and provide recommendations.
 - b. In the case of an allegation of physical assault or other possible infractions, a residential college head or dean shall not serve as adviser to a student in his or her college in a case involving a report made by another student in the same college.
 - c. The student shall notify the secretary of the Executive Committee as soon as they have chosen an adviser.
 - d. When a report involves alleged offenses against persons and/or property, the student may choose an attorney as a second adviser. The legal adviser may counsel the student but may not address the hearing panel or otherwise participate directly in the proceeding.
 - e. On all occasions when a student has requested the presence of an attorney in the meeting with the Executive Committee, the chair will as a matter of course request the presence of the University General Counsel or a representative of that office.
3. Student Statement. Students may respond in writing to the allegation. This statement allows the student to provide their perspective on events and any broader context or other information that will help the Coordinating Group and the committee to better understand the situation. Written statements will ordinarily be due to the secretary no more than 3 business days after the student receives notification. Upon receiving the student statement, the Coordinating Group may:
 - 1) refer the matter directly on to the hearing panel, 2) postpone the hearing to allow for additional factfinding, or 3) close the matter in light of new information presented.
 4. Consideration of the matter by a hearing panel of the Committee. Unless the report is withdrawn (as provided in section E.2), all reports referred by the Coordinating Group will be reviewed by a hearing panel of the Executive Committee. Hearings may take place in person or via video conference or other remote technology. At the discretion of the Coordinating Group, matters involving multiple students may be considered through group hearings.
 5. In instances where there are no factual disputes, and in order to expedite or more efficiently manage the resolution of disciplinary cases, the Coordinating Group, at its discretion, may offer students the option of a resolution via an agreement of responsibility without a hearing.
 6. Hearing Preparation:
 - a. The secretary will provide the student with copies of any additional materials, beyond the original notification, that will be considered by the committee. These might include: a factfinding report, witness statements, audio or video

recordings, physical evidence, or additional documentation. These materials should be made available to the student no less than three business days prior to the hearing, except when the student requests that less time be allowed in order to schedule an earlier hearing. The same materials will be made available to the adviser.

- b. The Coordinating Group may arrange for the appearance of witnesses. If it does so, their names shall be made available to the student no less than two business days before the meeting. The student may also request to invite a reasonable number of witnesses to the hearing. The student must provide the name and relevance of any proposed witness to the secretary no less than three business days before the meeting. The invitation of any witness will be made at the discretion of the Coordinating Group.
 - c. If it is a matter of academic dishonesty, the reporting faculty member may request from the chair permission to make a brief explanatory statement to the committee in the presence of the student.
 - d. Inspection of Records. The documents relating to the report, including the initial report, any report of the factfinder, the statement by the student, and any other materials deemed relevant by the Coordinating Group, shall be made available to the committee for inspection in the Yale College Dean's Office or by secure electronic distribution normally no less than twenty-four hours before the time of the meeting. These documents are confidential.
 - e. Excuse for Conflicts of Interest. The chair or secretary shall ascertain whether any members should be excused because of a conflict of interest (in accordance with section G.)
7. Procedures during the Student's Meeting with the hearing panel of the Committee.
- a. The purpose of the meeting between the student and the committee is to vent fully all sides of the issue or issues raised in the report.
 - b. Students are expected to tell the truth in all their dealings with the Executive Committee. The members of the Executive Committee will give such credence and weight to the student's statements as they believe appropriate.
 - c. Every student shall be put on notice that lying to a factfinder or to the Executive Committee may be taken into account in fixing the penalty and could serve as the basis for an additional violation as provided in the *Undergraduate Regulations* (See Offenses, section I, "Misconduct during a formal conduct process or hearing.").
 - d. When a hearing panel meets with the student, the chair (or vice-chair) shall explain the substance of the matter and the specific undergraduate regulation allegedly violated or the other alleged action that in the committee's judgment may warrant disciplinary action.
 - e. The student may make a statement of reasonable length to the hearing panel.
 - f. If a factfinder has conducted a review, the student or members of the committee may request the factfinder to explain his or her report.
 - g. When invited to a hearing, witnesses or the reporting person will address the hearing panel and answer questions.
 - h. The student may answer questions asked by the panel members.

- i. With the student's permission, their adviser may speak briefly on their behalf.
- j. The student may make a closing statement of reasonable length to the hearing panel.
- k. Deliberative Session of the hearing panel. Upon completion of the discussion of the matter, the student, the student's adviser, the factfinder or the adviser assisting the work of the Executive Committee (if there are any), and all other persons except the chair (or vice-chair), the secretary, and the regular voting members of the hearing panel shall withdraw. The panel shall then address the question of whether the student has violated the *Undergraduate Regulations*, and shall give an affirmative answer if it is satisfied that a violation has been shown by a clear preponderance of the evidence.

After a full consideration, the committee shall reach its decision, through a secret ballot, by majority vote. Should the initial ballot result in a tie, a second ballot shall be taken after further discussion. Should the result again be a tie, the secretary shall cast the deciding vote. The actual vote shall not be indicated to the student and shall remain a part of the confidential record.

The chair shall inform the student and their adviser of the outcome immediately after a decision is reached.

Should the meeting of the committee to consider the matter extend beyond a reasonable hour, the chair may postpone the remainder of the meeting. The chair should reconvene the meeting in person or by other means as soon as possible. If the meeting is so adjourned, the same committee members must participate in the reconvened meeting at which the hearing or deliberations shall be resumed or the penalty assigned.

- l. Assignment of a Penalty. The Yale College Faculty believes it is proper for the Executive Committee to view a particular infraction of the *Undergraduate Regulations* in the context of the total personal and academic record of the student involved.
 - i. When a hearing panel of the Executive Committee proceeds to consider assigning a penalty, it shall invite the student and the adviser to return to the room. The secretary will inform the panel of any previous infractions of the *Undergraduate Regulations* on the part of the student. The hearing panel shall permit the student and his or her adviser to present a statement of reasonable length relevant to the determination of the penalty.
 - ii. After the student and the adviser have again withdrawn, the secretary will inform the panel about the nature of previous penalties assessed for similar offenses. The panel will discuss what penalty it should impose. If the panel has found that the student purposely misled the committee during its deliberations, the panel may consider that factor as grounds for imposing a more severe penalty. The chair will propose a penalty upon which the voting members of the panel will vote by secret ballot. The chair (or vice-chair) votes with the panel. If the vote is a tie, there shall be further discussion and a second vote. If a second consecutive vote results in a tie, the secretary shall vote to break the tie.

of them members of the Yale College Faculty, appointed by the president for a term of five years, one of whom shall be designated by the president as chair of the committee. Each year, the faculty members of the Committee of Review, in consultation with the Yale College Council, will select a student member to serve on the committee.

- b. The Committee of Review will receive written appeals from (1) a student or students who have been assigned a penalty by the Executive Committee or the Coordinating Group; (2) reporting students in cases of violence or physical force, harassment, intimidation, or coercion (see Section E); (3) the dean of Yale College, where either the student(s) or the dean believes that a decision of the Executive Committee or the Coordinating Group, in matters of fact or the assignment of penalties, is inconsistent with precedent or otherwise in error. An appeal must be received by the Committee of Review no later than five business days after the decision of the Executive Committee. In order to review such appeals, the Committee of Review will have access to all the written records of the Executive Committee.
 - c. In response to an appeal, the Committee of Review will have the right (1) to decline to take action; (2) to request in writing a reconsideration by the Executive Committee; (3) to publish commentary on the case which, while maintaining the confidentiality of the Executive Committee hearings, seeks to clarify the principles involved in the case and to offer useful counsel for future decisions.
 - d. It is anticipated that in the vast majority of cases, the Committee of Review will decline to take action. It will request reconsideration by the Executive Committee only in cases where it believes that (1) some pertinent evidence was not taken into account; (2) long-standing precedents, in decisions of culpability and the assignment of penalties, were ignored; (3) errors in procedure may have substantially affected the decision; (4) certain key principles of the University were not sufficiently considered in the original decision.
 - e. The Coordinating Group will have the authority, on behalf of the Executive Committee, to grant or deny a request for reconsideration. In the case where the Coordinating Group has granted the request to reconsider, the chair of the Executive Committee and the Committee of Review will discuss appropriate procedures for the Executive Committee's reconsideration. At a meeting for reconsideration of a case by the Executive Committee, the chair of the Committee of Review will appear before the Executive Committee or the Coordinating Group in order to make clear what motivated the call for reconsideration. The Executive Committee or the Coordinating Group will be free either to alter or to confirm its original decision. It may not, however, make a finding of culpability where it had previously exonerated a student, or assign a penalty more serious than that assigned originally, except when a reporting student brought the appeal in cases of violence or physical force, harassment, intimidation, or coercion (see Section E).
9. Timing on Disposition of Matters. The process of factfinding, Coordinating Group consideration, and Executive Committee action should normally be completed by the end of the academic semester after the semester in which a report has been

submitted (“Academic semester” for this purpose means a semester in which the student is registered and in residence at Yale).

Matters involving an administrative suspension shall be governed by the time limits provided for that procedure. (See section D.3.)

A student who withdraws from Yale College for personal reasons rather than face disciplinary charges that are pending against that student will not be eligible for Yale College reinstatement, re-enrollment or a Yale College degree, and a notation to this effect will be entered on the transcript. A student in such a situation must go through the disciplinary proceeding in order to be eligible for reinstatement. If a disciplinary case brought against a graduating senior is pending at the time of graduation, the Coordinating Group will recommend to the dean of Yale College that the student’s degree be withheld until the case is resolved.

D. MATTERS BEFORE THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE RESPECTING CASES BEFORE THE COURTS

When a report alleging an infraction of the *Undergraduate Regulations* relates to a case that either will be or is in process of adjudication by the courts, the Executive Committee may address the matter by one of the following procedures:

1. If in the judgment of the Coordinating Group sufficient information is available to consider the matter, the committee may consider it in the normal manner.
2. The Coordinating Group may decide to defer consideration of the matter until after the case has been adjudicated by the courts. When the Coordinating Group so defers consideration, it shall decide either to permit the student to continue in regular enrollment and residence in his or her residential college or to permit the student to enroll in classes but not to live in the residential college. Before the Coordinating Group makes this decision, the chair shall request the written opinion of the student’s residential college head. The student may also present a written statement in regard to his or her ongoing residence in the residential college.
3. The student may request in writing that the Executive Committee defer its consideration of the matter and that they receive an administrative suspension. This provision is intended for use by the Executive Committee very rarely and only in situations in which the criminal charges are very serious and in which action by the Executive Committee might irreparably prejudice the student’s cause before the courts.

An administrative suspension suspends the student from Yale College in the same manner as any suspension by the Executive Committee; however, the administrative suspension is without prejudice to the review of the allegation against the student. In effect, an administrative suspension means that the student facing a criminal hearing voluntarily withdraws from enrollment and residence in Yale College with the understanding that they may re-enroll, through the normal procedures for reinstatement or readmission, only after the standing matter has been considered in the normal manner by the Executive Committee. The decision to provide an administrative suspension resides solely in the authority of the Executive Committee; even when a student requests an administrative suspension, the committee may decide to consider the matter immediately.

The administrative suspension may remain in effect for no longer than one year, at the end of which time it must be reviewed by the Executive Committee. The student may then request in writing an extension of the administrative suspension for another period not to exceed one year. However, an extension of an administrative suspension normally does not remain in effect longer than one month past the date on which the matter has been adjudicated by the courts or settled otherwise, or normally longer than two weeks beyond the opening of the academic term if determination by the courts has occurred when the College is not in session.

When the matter comes for consideration by the Executive Committee after the period of administrative suspension, the committee will consider the matter in the normal manner and without prejudice.

A decision favorable to the student in the courts will not necessarily exonerate him or her from having committed the alleged infraction of the Undergraduate Regulations.

E. PROCEDURES FOR ALLEGED ACTS OF VIOLENCE OR PHYSICAL FORCE, HARASSMENT, INTIMIDATION, OR COERCION

1. In any report involving alleged acts of violence or physical force, harassment, intimidation, or coercion (see Offenses, [section C](#) and section E), the procedures for the disposition before the committee (see Procedures, section C) are amended in the following ways:
 - a. The person against whom one of the acts described above was allegedly committed (referred to here as the “reporting person,” whether or not they actually made the report) shall receive copies of all documents submitted relating to the matter, including the initial report, any report of the factfinder, the statement by the responding student, and any other materials deemed relevant by the Coordinating Group, no less than five business days before the hearing. All documents are strictly confidential and may not be shared or disclosed except with the reporting person’s adviser or legal adviser, if any. All physical documents must be returned to the secretary of the Executive Committee and all electronic documents must be permanently deleted once the process has ended.
 - b. The Coordinating Group may arrange for the appearance of witnesses. The reporting person shall have the same rights as the responding student as described in section C.6.b. This includes receiving the same notifications about witnesses and the same opportunity to invite witnesses to the hearing.
 - c. The reporting person has the option to participate in the hearing. Should the reporting person choose to participate in the hearing, they may choose to be accompanied for moral support by a staff or faculty member of the Yale community who will not participate directly in the proceedings. The reporting person may also be accompanied by a legal adviser who similarly may not participate directly in the proceeding.
 - d. Unless both parties ask to appear jointly, the reporting person and responding student will not appear jointly before the panel at any stage of the hearing. The party who is not before the panel will be in a private room with audio access to the proceedings. The adviser of the party not before the panel (and legal

adviser, if permitted pursuant to section C.2.), however, may be present in the hearing room during the testimony.

- e. During the hearing, the reporting person and then the responding student may each make a statement of reasonable length to the hearing panel. Following these statements, the panel will interview the reporting person and then the responding student. At its sole discretion, the Coordinating Group may request the testimony of additional witnesses. The parties and any witnesses will be questioned by the panel only, but each party will be given an opportunity to submit questions for the panel to ask the other party or witnesses. The panel, at its sole discretion, may choose which, if any, questions to ask.
 - f. In cases arising under this section, advisers may not speak on behalf of the students to the committee.
 - g. The reporting person and responding student may make closing statements of reasonable length to the hearing panel.
 - h. After the deliberative session of the hearing panel is complete, the chair shall inform each party separately of the outcome immediately after a decision is reached.
 - i. The secretary shall send written notice of the decisions of the committee to the reporting person. This communication should ordinarily take place in writing within two weeks of the disposition of the matter.
2. In any report involving acts of violence or physical force, harassment, intimidation, or coercion (see General Conduct and Discipline, Offenses, section C and section E), the reporting person may, at any time before the day scheduled for the Executive Committee's hearing, request in writing that the Coordinating Group dismiss the matter. The Coordinating Group will consider the request, and may inquire into the circumstances (including as appropriate consulting with the reporting person's adviser or residential college dean) to determine whether the matter has been resolved fairly and to the satisfaction of the parties, whether the reporting person's request is fully voluntary, whether the interests of the Yale community would be better served by hearing the case, and other relevant matters. The Coordinating Group will then decide to grant or deny the request, in its sole discretion. The decision of the Coordinating Group on the request will be final.
 3. It shall be the duty of the chair to explain to all parties involved in a case of alleged harassment on the basis of sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, race, color, religion, age, disability, status as a protected veteran, or national or ethnic origin that the Executive Committee disposition of the matter does not constitute the equivalent of action or redress at law. The chair shall also explain that the extent of the jurisdiction of the Yale College Executive Committee is limited to the enforcement of the *Undergraduate Regulations* by means of the penalties provided therein.
 4. Should the allegation of harassment, intimidation, coercion, or assault be simultaneously pursued in the courts, the procedures in section D regulating such situations shall be in effect.
 5. The reporting party shall have the same option as the responding student to bring an appeal to the Committee of Review as provided in section C.7.

F. CONFIDENTIALITY IN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MATTERS

The Executive Committee and all members of the Yale community who are involved in a matter before the Executive Committee are expected to maintain the confidentiality of its proceedings and any information circulated in regard to those proceedings.

All documents, and other materials, prepared by, prepared for, or received from the Executive Committee in connection with an Executive Committee proceeding must be held in strict confidence. Students may not disclose Executive Committee Materials to anyone other than their advisers in the Executive Committee proceeding, their residential college dean, family members, and attorneys. Students must inform these recipients that Executive Committee materials and documents are strictly confidential and may not be further disclosed.

Disciplinary action may be taken against a student who discloses any Executive Committee documents or materials in violation of these procedures, or who is responsible for the improper disclosure of such documents or materials by others. In addition, whether or not an Executive Committee document has been disclosed, disciplinary action may be taken against a student who breaches confidentiality in order to retaliate against a person for their participation in an Executive Committee proceeding.

G. CONFLICT OF INTEREST

Members of the Executive Committee should be alert to potential conflicts of interest between themselves and the persons bringing matters to the committee or the student against whom a matter has been brought.

1. Committee members having past or present ties of kinship, marriage, or other very close personal relationship to any of the parties involved in the matter should notify the chair that a conflict of interest exists and should be automatically excused from participation. The nature of the relationship need not be disclosed to the chair.
2. Committee members having some form of close professional relationship to one or more of the parties involved in the matter (e.g., collaboration or cooperation in research, writing, or teaching with a colleague or service as an ongoing academic adviser or instructor to the student in a very small class) should notify the chair that a potential conflict of interest exists and may request to be excused from participation.
3. A committee member should inform the chair that they are in some manner involved in the specific details of the matter and may request to be excused from participation.
4. A member of the committee should inform the chair that the nature of the matter creates an occasion for a conflict of interest and may request to be excused from participation.
5. The student against whom a matter has been brought, or the reporting party, may request that a committee member be excused because of a proven conflict of interest as provided in the foregoing provisions.
6. Should one of the members of the Coordinating Group be excused for a conflict of interest, a faculty member of the committee shall carry out the responsibilities

of that member of the Coordinating Group in regard to the matter under consideration.

7. All issues relating to conflict of interest should be raised and settled before the committee begins consideration of the matter. Questions relating to conflict of interest may not be raised after the committee has reached decisions, nor may they be grounds for reconsideration of committee decisions.
8. The foregoing provisions are intended not to be inclusive of all possible situations of conflict of interest, but rather to provide guidance. It is the intention of these provisions to enable the committee to avoid both the appearance and the reality of conflict of interest, so that the community will have confidence in the fairness of the proceedings. In case of doubt, the chair and committee members should assume that a potential conflict of interest exists.

H. RECORDS OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

The records of the Executive Committee are of four types. The first three (described in sections H.1-3.) are unavailable to the public unless subpoenaed by the court or other government agency and should be stored securely by the Yale College Dean's Office. The fourth type of record (described in section H.4.) will be published twice per year and made available to students and other members of the Yale community. The Committee of Review will have access to all records of the Executive Committee.

1. The secretary shall maintain a record of all matters acted on by the Executive Committee. This record shall include the original written report, any forms or statements signed or submitted by the student and all materials submitted to the committee prior to the hearing, including the report of the factfinder or adviser, should there be one.
2. The secretary shall keep a record of minutes from each meeting of the Executive Committee. These need not be a verbatim transcript, but they should reflect a record of the statements of witnesses and substance of the discussions and decisions of the committee. Minutes shall not be kept of the private committee discussion prior to reaching a decision by vote on the substance of the allegation or the assessment of the penalty. A written record shall be kept of those committee members in attendance; the decision of the majority in determining whether a violation has occurred, including the penalty assessed if any; the witnesses appearing before the committee; and any written materials submitted to the committee.
3. The secretary shall keep a careful, ongoing written record of the alleged violations sustained by the Executive Committee and the particular penalties assigned. The purpose of this record shall be to aid the committee in equitably addressing reports of a similar character.
4. The secretary shall prepare a brief narrative of each decision of the Executive Committee, describing the alleged act(s), the alleged violation, the committee's finding, the mitigating or exacerbating circumstances, and the penalty, if any. The report should be written so as not to reveal, directly or indirectly, the identities of the individuals involved in the case. Because the reports are summaries, they do not contain all the relevant considerations in every case. For that reason, students should rely on them only for general guidance, not as binding precedent.

I. SUMMARY OF KEY PROVISIONS FOR STUDENTS INVOLVED IN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS

The following summary should be given to all students being informed that a report has been made against them. Students in Yale College requested to meet with the Executive Committee in regard to a report of their having violated one or more of the *Undergraduate Regulations*, or in regard to other actions that in the committee's judgment may warrant disciplinary action, should be aware of the following:

1. The student shall receive written notification of the report and of the specific alleged infraction of the *Undergraduate Regulations*. (See section C.1.)
2. The student will be given a statement of the procedures, including the conflict-of-interest provisions and a list of the members of the Executive Committee. (See section G.)
3. The student may choose a staff or faculty adviser from the Yale community as provided in the procedures. If the matter involves an offense against persons and/or property, the student may also bring an attorney to the meeting of the Executive Committee as provided in the procedures. (See section C.2.)
4. Normally five business days must elapse between notification of the student and the meeting of the committee at which the matter is to be considered, but upon written request of the student a briefer interval may suffice.
5. The student may request the secretary to make reasonable efforts to locate particular documents or to gather relevant information.

Throughout the investigation of the matter, the student may choose to remain silent. The student should, however, understand that by doing so they forfeit the opportunity to ensure that the Executive Committee obtains all the relevant information. Every student should understand that lying to the factfinder or to the Executive Committee will be taken into account in fixing penalties and may constitute a separate violation of the regulations. (See section C.7.b. and section C.7.c.)

6. The student may see all written materials to be submitted to the committee, including the report of the factfinder, no less than three business days before the meeting. The student shall also be furnished with a list of all persons who have been requested to be witnesses at the meeting no less than two business days before the meeting. (See section C.6.a. and section C.6.b.)
7. The student may request witnesses be contacted on their behalf. (See section C.6.b.)
8. During the meeting of the committee the student may choose to remain silent. The committee is not to draw a negative inference from the student's silence, but the student should understand that by doing so they forfeit an opportunity to present orally their side of the matter. The student should also understand that the committee will base its decision on the information presented to it, and that while the members of the Executive Committee expect that students will tell them the truth, they will give such credence and weight to the student's statements as they believe appropriate. (See section C.7.b.)

9. The student shall have the option of making a statement of reasonable length relevant to the determination of the penalty prior to the penalty phase of the committee's meeting. (See section C.7.1.)
10. In the circumstances outlined in section D of the procedures the student may request an administrative suspension, but the granting of such a suspension is entirely at the discretion of the committee. (See section D.3.)
11. If, subsequently, substantial new information of an exonerating nature becomes available, the student may request a reconsideration of the matter. The student may appeal to the Committee of Review no later than five business days after the decision of the Executive Committee only when they believe that it can be demonstrated that (1) pertinent evidence has not been taken into account in the Executive Committee's decision; (2) long-standing precedents, in decisions of culpability and the assignment of penalties, have been ignored; (3) errors in procedure may have substantially affected the decision; (4) certain key principles of the University have not been sufficiently considered. (See [section C.8.](#))
12. The student should understand that the records of the Executive Committee may be subject to subpoena by the courts, but that in the absence of a court order or government inquiry the records of the committee will not be publicly disclosed (except as provided in [section H](#)).

Emergency and Administrative Suspensions

EMERGENCY SUSPENSION

The dean of Yale College, or a delegate of the dean, may place a student on an emergency suspension from residence or academic status when (1) the student has been arrested for or charged with serious criminal behavior by law enforcement authorities; or (2) the student allegedly violated a disciplinary rule of Yale College and the student's presence on campus poses a significant risk to the safety or security of members of the community.

Following an individualized risk and safety analysis, the student will be notified in writing of the emergency suspension. A student who is notified of an emergency suspension will have 24 hours to respond to the notice. The emergency suspension will not be imposed prior to an opportunity for the student to respond unless circumstances warrant immediate action to ensure the safety and security of members of the community. In such cases, the student will have an opportunity to respond after the emergency suspension has been imposed.

When a student in Yale College is placed on an emergency suspension, the matter will be referred for disciplinary action in accordance with school policy. Such a suspension may remain in effect until disciplinary action has been taken with regard to the student; however, it may be lifted earlier by action of the dean or a delegate of the dean, or by the disciplinary committee after a preliminary review.

ADMINISTRATIVE SUSPENSION

An administrative suspension is granted upon request of a student in situations in which the student faces serious criminal charges and in which action by the disciplinary committee might irreparably prejudice the student's cause before the courts. An administrative suspension suspends a student from Yale College in the same manner

as any suspension; however, it is without prejudice to the disciplinary review of the complaint against the student. In effect, an administrative suspension means that the student facing a criminal hearing voluntarily withdraws from enrollment and residence in Yale College with the understanding that re-enrollment, through the normal procedures for reinstatement, can occur only after the student's disciplinary action has been considered in the normal manner. The decision to grant an administrative suspension resides solely in the authority of the relevant disciplinary committee; even when a student requests an administrative suspension, the disciplinary committee may decide to consider the complaint immediately.

The administrative suspension may remain in effect for no longer than one year from the date it is granted, at the end of which time it must be reviewed by the disciplinary committee. The student may then request in writing an extension of the administrative suspension for another period not to exceed one year. However, an extension of an administrative suspension may not remain in effect longer than three months past the date on which the matter has been adjudicated by the courts or otherwise settled, or if sooner, two weeks beyond the opening of the academic term if determination by the courts has occurred when Yale College is not in session.

A student who receives a favorable decision in the courts may still be subject to discipline under the University or Yale College policies.

Student Complaints

A. OFFICE OF INSTITUTIONAL EQUITY AND ACCESS COMPLAINT PROCEDURES

Any student at Yale who is concerned about affirmative action, equal opportunity, sexual harassment, racial harassment, or fairness in admissions or employment at Yale, either in a general sense or with respect to his or her own situation, is encouraged to contact the Office of Institutional Equity and Access. The Office of Institutional Equity and Access complaint procedures can be reviewed [here](#).

B. COMPLAINTS OF SEXUAL MISCONDUCT

The University-Wide Committee on Sexual Misconduct (UWC) is available to hear all student complaints of sexual misconduct. It has sole disciplinary authority over Yale College students charged with sexual misconduct and recommends penalties to the dean of Yale College. The UWC is appointed and authorized to act by the provost.

C. NONACADEMIC COMPLAINTS

An undergraduate may bring a complaint of a nonacademic infraction to the attention of the Executive Committee only in conjunction with his or her residential college head, residential college dean, a member of the Yale College Dean's Office, a human relations counselor, the College or University's Title IX Coordinator, a member of the President's Committee on Racial and Ethnic Harassment, or the Yale Police Department. (See Disciplinary Procedures of the Executive Committee of Yale College.)

The University Tribunal

The University Tribunal is a disciplinary body that has jurisdiction over students in all twelve schools of the University, including students in Yale College. It may be convoked only by the president of the University (or the provost acting for the president). It exists to hear disciplinary cases deemed by the president to have institutional significance for the integrity and values of the University as a whole, cases the disposition of which the president believes would have some substantial impact within the University beyond a particular school of the University, or cases in which the president determines that the University Tribunal could best ensure a desired uniformity of disciplinary procedures and penalties among different schools of the University.

A hearing before the University Tribunal is in lieu of any proceeding before the disciplinary body of a student's own school. In Yale College, that body is the Yale College Executive Committee. Except for cases explicitly referred to the University Tribunal by the president, however, the responsibility for student discipline rests with the appropriate disciplinary bodies of the various schools of the University, and the University Tribunal does not hear appeals from the decisions of those disciplinary bodies. It is expected that the University Tribunal will be convoked infrequently and only in extraordinary circumstances.

Additional information concerning the University Tribunal, including information concerning its composition and procedures, is available at the Office of the Secretary of the University at Woodbridge Hall.

Penalties

The following penalties are among those which may be imposed by the Yale College Executive Committee or recommended by the University-Wide Committee on Sexual Misconduct. The Committees may also require students to participate in relevant education and training.

A. REPRIMAND

This is a matter of internal record only. Records of reprimands in college deans' offices will be destroyed when students graduate.

B. RESTRICTION

Denial of the use of certain University facilities or of the right to participate in certain activities or to exercise certain privileges.

C. PROBATION

The student is in official jeopardy. The commission of a serious offense while on probation will normally result in suspension or expulsion. A student on probation may not participate in a Year or Term Abroad, or hold leadership or officer positions in any registered Yale College student organization, any varsity athletic team or club sport, or any other organization that receives University funds. Additional terms of probation may be enforced by the Executive Committee or the UWC in individual cases.

D. SUSPENSION

Separation from the University for a stated period of time. A suspended student forfeits all privileges of enrollment, including residence, attendance at classes, participation in organized extracurricular activities, and use of University libraries as well as of athletic and other facilities. Suspension may require petition for reinstatement. A suspended student may not return to campus during the period of suspension for any reason unless he or she receives express written permission in advance from his or her residential college head or dean, or from the dean of student affairs. Students on suspension during the spring and the subsequent fall term are not eligible to participate in the Yale Summer Session or any Yale-sponsored activities or programs over the summer. Suspension shall be recorded on the academic transcript.

E. EXPULSION

Permanent separation from the University. Expulsion shall be recorded on the academic transcript.

F. FINES

Yale reserves the right to impose fines as appropriate, in addition to requiring payment for costs resulting from or associated with the offenses.

An additional penalty may be imposed by the head of a residential college:

G. RUSTICATION

Violation of the campus housing regulations may be subject to disciplinary action by the Yale College Executive Committee. In certain cases, the head of a residential college,

in consultation with the residential college dean, or the dean of student affairs, will decide that the appropriate punishment for persistent or serious disregard for the regulations is to require the student in question to live off campus, either for a specified period or permanently. This penalty is called “rustication.” Rusticated students may be denied access to the college itself and to its facilities. When a student is rusticated, no rebate of room rent will be granted for the time period of rustication. Violations of the penalty of rustication may also be referred to the Yale College Executive Committee.

In addition to imposing these penalties for offenses subject to disciplinary action, the University may refer students for prosecution.

Policies

- Free Expression
- IT Appropriate Use
- Medical Emergency Policy
- Parental Notification
- Sexual Misconduct

Free Expression

A. FREE EXPRESSION

The Yale College Faculty has formally endorsed as an official policy of Yale College the following statement from the Report of the Committee on Freedom of Expression at Yale, published in January 1975.

The primary function of a university is to discover and disseminate knowledge by means of research and teaching. To fulfill this function a free interchange of ideas is necessary not only within its walls but with the world beyond as well. It follows that the university must do everything possible to ensure within it the fullest degree of intellectual freedom. The history of intellectual growth and discovery clearly demonstrates the need for unfettered freedom, the right to think the unthinkable, discuss the unmentionable, and challenge the unchallengeable. To curtail free expression strikes twice at intellectual freedom, for whoever deprives another of the right to state unpopular views necessarily also deprives others of the right to listen to those views.

We take a chance, as the First Amendment takes a chance, when we commit ourselves to the idea that the results of free expression are to the general benefit in the long run, however unpleasant they may appear at the time. The validity of such a belief cannot be demonstrated conclusively. It is a belief of recent historical development, even within universities, one embodied in American constitutional doctrine but not widely shared outside the academic world, and denied in theory and in practice by much of the world most of the time.

Because few other institutions in our society have the same central function, few assign such high priority to freedom of expression. Few are expected to. Because no other kind of institution combines the discovery and dissemination of basic knowledge with teaching, none confronts quite the same problems as a university.

For if a university is a place for knowledge, it is also a special kind of small society. Yet it is not primarily a fellowship, a club, a circle of friends, a replica of the civil society outside it. Without sacrificing its central purpose, it cannot make its primary and dominant value the fostering of friendship, solidarity, harmony, civility, or mutual respect. To be sure, these are important values; other institutions may properly assign them the highest, and not merely a subordinate priority; and a good university will seek and may in some significant measure attain these ends. But it will never let these values, important as they are, override its central purpose. We value freedom of expression precisely because it provides a forum for the new, the provocative, the disturbing, and

the unorthodox. Free speech is a barrier to the tyranny of authoritarian or even majority opinion as to the rightness or wrongness of particular doctrines or thoughts.

If the priority assigned to free expression by the nature of a university is to be maintained in practice, clearly the responsibility for maintaining that priority rests with its members. By voluntarily taking up membership in a university and thereby asserting a claim to its rights and privileges, members also acknowledge the existence of certain obligations upon themselves and their fellows. Above all, every member of the university has an obligation to permit free expression in the university. No member has a right to prevent such expression. Every official of the university, moreover, has a special obligation to foster free expression and to ensure that it is not obstructed.

The strength of these obligations, and the willingness to respect and comply with them, probably depend less on the expectation of punishment for violation than they do on the presence of a widely shared belief in the primacy of free expression. Nonetheless, we believe that the positive obligation to protect and respect free expression shared by all members of the university should be enforced by appropriate formal sanctions, because obstruction of such expression threatens the central function of the university. We further believe that such sanctions should be made explicit, so that potential violators will be aware of the consequences of their intended acts.

In addition to the university's primary obligation to protect free expression there are also ethical responsibilities assumed by each member of the university community, along with the right to enjoy free expression. Though these are much more difficult to state clearly, they are of great importance. If freedom of expression is to serve its purpose and thus the purpose of the university, it should seek to enhance understanding. Shock, hurt, and anger are not consequences to be weighed lightly. No member of the community with a decent respect for others should use, or encourage others to use, slurs and epithets intended to discredit another's race, ethnic group, religion, or sex. It may sometimes be necessary in a university for civility and mutual respect to be superseded by the need to guarantee free expression. The values superseded are nevertheless important, and every member of the university community should consider them in exercising the fundamental right to free expression.

We have considered the opposing argument that behavior which violates these social and ethical considerations should be made subject to formal sanctions, and the argument that such behavior entitles others to prevent speech they might regard as offensive. Our conviction that the central purpose of the university is to foster the free access of knowledge compels us to reject both of these arguments. They assert a right to prevent free expression. They rest upon the assumption that speech can be suppressed by anyone who deems it false or offensive. They deny what Justice Holmes termed "freedom for the thought that we hate." They make the majority, or any willful minority, the arbiters of truth for all. If expression may be prevented, censored or punished, because of its content or because of the motives attributed to those who promote it, then it is no longer free. It will be subordinated to other values that we believe to be of lower priority in a university.

The conclusions we draw, then, are these: even when some members of the university community fail to meet their social and ethical responsibilities, the paramount obligation of the university is to protect their right to free expression. This obligation can and should be enforced by appropriate formal sanctions. If the university's

overriding commitment to free expression is to be sustained, secondary social and ethical responsibilities must be left to the informal processes of suasion, example, and argument.

B. PEACEFUL DISSENT, PROTESTS, AND DEMONSTRATIONS

In view of the obligation of Yale or of any university to promote the free expression of all views, the campus is open to any speaker whom students or members of the faculty have invited and for whom official arrangements to speak have been made with the University. The right of free expression in a university also includes the right to peaceful dissent, protests in peaceable assembly, and orderly demonstrations, which may include picketing and the distribution of leaflets. These are permitted on the Yale campus, subject to approval as to schedule and location by the appropriate University official, until or unless they disrupt regular or essential operations of the University or significantly infringe upon the rights of others, particularly the right to listen to a speech or lecture. It is a violation of University regulations for any member of the faculty, staff, or student body to prevent the orderly conduct of a University function or activity, such as a lecture, meeting, interview (including a job interview), ceremony, or other public event. It is similarly a violation of University regulations to block the legitimate activity of any person on the Yale campus or in any Yale building or facility. Demonstrations or protests which exceed these limits will subject the participants to temporary or permanent separation from the University.

IT Appropriate Use

Yale's technology facilities (for example, the Yale network, work stations, computer labs, and other technologies) are a valuable educational and research resource, and students are expected to respect them and to use them responsibly. All students must conform to the University Information Technology Appropriate Use Policy. Misappropriation of the network, unauthorized copying of computer software, or unauthorized use of any Yale technology facility is forbidden.

Medical Emergency Policy

The health, safety and wellbeing of Yale's students and community are of paramount importance. Members of the Yale community have a responsibility to look out for the health and safety of one another. Accordingly, students are expected to seek medical assistance for themselves or for others in the event of a medical emergency, including emergencies related to the use of alcohol or other drugs. As part of its commitment to the health and safety of all students, Yale has reviewed and now clarifies a policy on protection from discipline designed to encourage students to seek help in medical emergencies.

THE POLICY

If you summon help for yourself, a fellow student, or a guest in medical need, you will not be charged by the Yale College Executive Committee with alcohol or other drug violations, but you may have to complete counseling, educational, or training programs within an agreed upon timeframe. This policy applies regardless of your own use of alcohol or other drugs. If you summon help for someone whose intoxication or

impairment is entirely unrelated to your own actions, you will not be required to seek education or training.

WHO IS COVERED

- Those consuming alcohol or other drugs who are helped
- Students who call for help for another person
- The host or guests of an event
- Any registered or unregistered student organization sponsoring the event

WHAT HAPPENS AFTER A STUDENT CALLS FOR HELP

After the emergency has been addressed, you will be contacted by someone from the Yale College Dean's Office (YCDO) and/or Yale Health (but not a representative of the Executive Committee) to determine the appropriate next steps. You will not be charged by the Yale College Executive Committee with a violation of the Undergraduate Regulations for consuming and/or providing alcohol or other drugs. Depending on your role in the emergency, you may have to complete training, education and/or counseling to avoid disciplinary consequences. The YCDO and/or Yale Health will outline the steps you need to take and will work with you on a timeline for completing them. Here are a few examples:

- In a situation in which you were intoxicated or impaired but were well enough to receive treatment at Yale Health (rather than an emergency room), you will consult with an alcohol and other drugs specialist at Yale Health.
- In a situation in which you were transported to an emergency room for alcohol intoxication or a drug overdose, you will consult with an alcohol and other drugs specialist at Yale Health. You will also meet with your dean for a conversation about what happened, your safety, and any other concerns.
- If you hosted an event and had to get medical help for a guest who was intoxicated or otherwise impaired by the use of drugs, at a minimum you will consult with someone from the Alcohol and Other Drugs Harm Reduction Initiative (AODHRI). If your hosting practices contributed to the emergency, you will work with AODHRI to learn more about safe hosting and to put those lessons into practice.
- If you summoned help for a student or other person whose intoxication or impairment was entirely unrelated to your actions, you will be thanked for the role you played in protecting your classmate; you may be asked about the circumstances, but you will not be required to seek counseling, education or training.

LIMITATIONS

- You or another student needs to initiate the call for help – by contacting the Yale police, a head of college, a dean, a first-year counselor (FroCo), or any other official. This policy does not apply if a non-student initiates the call for help.
- This policy affects university discipline only. It does not protect you from criminal or civil liability or prevent investigation or other action by federal, state, or local authorities, including Yale Police.
- This policy only suspends discipline for Yale's regulations on using and providing alcohol and other drugs. Other violations (such as reckless endangerment,

drug sales, coercion, hazing, physical assault, sexual misconduct, harassment, intimidation, and damage to property) are, as always, subject to discipline. Even so, calling for help may mitigate the disciplinary response.

- If you have been involved in more than one emergency for which you bear some responsibility, you will need to complete more extensive counseling and/or education and training. Students who engage in patterns of behavior that result in the repeated call for this policy will require further action, including possible disciplinary charges.
- You need to complete the steps designated by the YCDO, AODHRI and/or Yale Health within the agreed-upon timeframe. If you do not, the Undergraduate Regulations on alcohol and other drugs will apply and you will be subject to disciplinary action for the alcohol and other drug violations.

This policy has emerged from a collaboration of students, administrators, and advisers. To see more details about the policy, see the FAQ section; or give your feedback.

Parental Notification

Federal law protects the confidentiality of student records and specifies the limited situations in which information from educational records may be given out without a student's prior consent. Yale regards its students as responsible adults, capable of managing their own lives and seeking guidance when necessary. Thus Yale's policy is that disclosure of information to parents except in extraordinary circumstances is limited to information concerning a student's enrollment at the University. See Yale's statement on "Student Education Records (FERPA)".

Parents are therefore notified in the following situations:

1. When a student withdraws from the University for any reason; and
2. When a student has been placed on suspension or expelled from the University.

Cases in which Yale would, in extraordinary circumstances, notify parents or guardians cannot in the nature of things be completely enumerated or described; but it is, for example, the judgment of Yale College that a serious injury to a student, or a violent crime committed upon a student, are sufficiently grave occurrences as to constitute extraordinary circumstances. Yale College, therefore, as a matter of general policy, notifies parents of such events. In addition, the College may judge that parents should be notified concerning the existence of serious concerns or threats to a student's health, either physical or emotional. Although in most such instances students will be encouraged themselves to inform their parents, the University reserves the right to notify parents directly and/or to ensure that parents have been satisfactorily informed. Yale College recognizes, however, that special circumstances might cause a student to believe that notification of parents would be undesirable or inappropriate. In such a case, the residential college head and dean will discuss the matter carefully with the student, and as appropriate will consult the Yale College Dean's Office, Yale Health, or the Office of the General Counsel. In certain individual instances, Yale College may then conclude that it is not in the student's best interest that parental notification take place, and in that event an exception to the general policy will be made.

Sexual Misconduct

Sexual misconduct policies and definitions can be found on the Sexual Misconduct Response & Prevention website.

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